



**Brendon**

**THE FAMILY OF BRENDON  
AND THEIR DESCENDANTS.  
OF  
BRENDON AND WESTCOTT  
IN  
ST. DOMINICK, CORNWALL.**

**Written by**

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**1903**

**Additional material written by**

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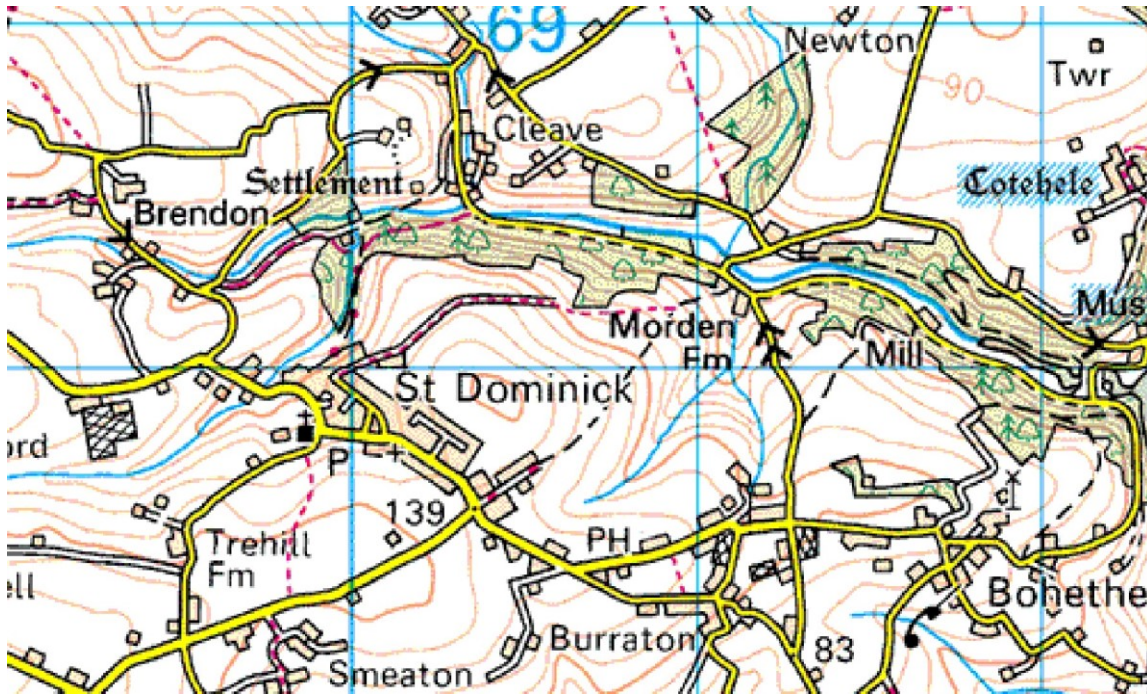
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# St Dominick



# St Kew



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# INTRODUCTION

**"Those will not look forward to posterity  
Who never look backward to their ancestors."**

**EDMUND BOURKE**

The Brendon family appears to have been settled at Brendon, in the parish of St. Dominick, Cornwall, in the reign of Edward I, It is highly probable that they lived there and at Westcott, in the same parish, for five hundred years and may have lived there for some centuries previously. They make no claim to have come to this country with William the Conqueror, as some are proud to boast, but rather claim to belong to the old Celtic race of this country.

The name of the estate Bren-don is in English "fire-hill," i.e. a hill where there was a beacon, like Bren-tor, not far distant in Devon; or it may mean the hill of Bren, as Bren, Bran, besides fire, expresses the personal qualities of vigour or strength, as Wyn or Wydn, besides meaning white, expresses the qualities of purity and beauty, and were used as personal names.

The Celts—Cornish and Welsh alike—had but one personal name, such as Bren, Kingor, Henwyn, Tesithian, Hurgustel, Gurcencor, etc. In the time of the Romans they adopted some Roman names, such as Julius, Ungust, Magnus, Hurcus, Justus, and during Saxon times, after the reign of Athelstan, they took some Saxon names, as Iluith, Madsuth, Blethros more especially the landowners. [Note A]

When the Normans took possession of the land, most of the large estates and manors passed from the possession of the Saxon thanes to the Norman earls and other followers of William. The Norman custom was adopted by all landholders with the personal name became the *prename*, or Christian name, and the name of the estate the *surname*; thus would arise the name of John de Brendon. Scripture names were then adopted as baptismal names. The surname was constantly changed with change of estate, and it was not until the time of Elizabeth that names became more fixed. In this pedigree the family of Brendon is traced through six hundred years, and with great continuity from the commencement of the parish registers in the sixteenth century. The registers were defective during the usurpation of Cromwell, when some aid was rendered to the inquiry by the wills at Bodmin and Exeter.

The record shows the loss of many children and even of whole families prematurely during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, from 1522 to 1666, due to the prevalence of plaque and small-pox.

Some families terminated in daughters, and so died out, as did that of John Brendon of Brendon in 1606; Tookers of Brodes in 1682; and Clobery of Bradstone in 1711. This is attributed to causes that diminish the vitality of the parent, such as excess in bodily indulgence, or from constitutional disease, or through inter-marriage.

It is hoped that this pedigree of the Brendon family, with notes respecting some of them, and of the families into which they married, will be of interest not only to the present and future generations of all of that name, but also to others who are interested in family history.

It is shown through what long periods some of our yeoman families possessed their lands in unbroken descent; but they are fast disappearing, owing to the agricultural depression of the last thirty years, parting with their ancestral estates, and seeking refuge in the professions. In the army and navy many have risen to the highest rank, and have been rewarded with honours for their talent and bravery. Others have entered the Church, medicine, and the law, taking with them both bodily and mental vigour, inherited through a long line of vigorous and healthy ancestors.

It has been a labour of many yeas to collect from parish registers, county histories, family Bibles and other records the details relating to the Brendons and their marriage connections, and to marshal them

in procession along the great highway of time from the reign of Edward III to that of Edward VII., recording the progress of some hundreds from the cradle to the grave.

*I hope that at some future time someone will be moved to amplify and extend this record, for I acknowledge there are some omissions and defects, in this first attempt, I have not had time or opportunity to rectify.*

*I am much indebted to the researches of Mr. Arthur J. Jewers, F.S.A., for the extracts from the parish registers of St. Dominick and adjoining parishes, and notes from the Brendon wills at Bodmin and Exeter published in his Heraldic Church Notes from Cornwall; to Mr. W. Turner Brendon for extracts from the parish registers of Lawhitton, and other help; and to members of many families of Brendons who have kindly given me the information I have sought.*

The works consulted have been numerous, the principal being Colonel Vivian's *Visitations of Cornwall*, 1877; Lake's *Parochial History of Cornwall*, 4 vols., 1870 ; Sir John Maclean's *Parochial and Family History of Trigg Minor, in the County of Cornwall*, 4 vols., 1870 ; Lysons' *Magna Britannia*; Bosse and Courtney's *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis*; and Prince's.

## **J. BRENDON CURGENVEN, M.R.C.S., L.S.A.**

PHILPOTS, HILDENBOROUGH, KENT, March, 1903.

*Note A - All these names, Celtic, Roman, and Saxon, are taken from the MS. copy of the gospels, dated about A.D. 940, in the British Museum. See Bodmin Register, p. 377, and Davies Gilbert's Hist. of Cor, vol. iii. P, 408.*

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**Brendon Arms** : Vert, 3 martlets argent.

**Crest** : An eagle displayed.

## **THE FAMILY OF BRENDON**

**1292 Richard de Edgcumbe**, in Milton Abbot, 1292, had issue:-

(1) **James**.

(2) **Reginald**, a priest.

(3) **Richard**, residing at Edgcumbe, 1323. Had issue:-

1. **John** de Edgcumbe.

2. **William**, married Hillaria Cotehele, and died 1380 (Note 2).

**1293. Eustace de Cotehele**, living 1293. had issue:-

(1) **Radulphus de Cothele**, living 1331, had issue:-

1. **William**, married daughter of Walter de Donne; died prior to 1336. Had issue:-

1. **Ralph**, married Joan, daughter of John and Maude de Brendon; born about 1330; died 1350, s.p.

2. **Hillari**, born about 1333; married William de Edgcumbe, in Milton Abbot, Devon.

2. **Clarinda**, married William . . .

3. **Maude** married John de Brendon; died about 1352.

**1300. John de Brendon**, in St. Dominick, born about 1300, instituted Vicar of Haswell, married Maude de Cotehele, in Caistock, and had issue:-

(1) **John**, born about 1328.

(2) **Thomas**, born about 1330.

(3) **Joane**, born about 1332. Married Ralph de Cotehele, her cousin. Ralph died shortly after his marriage childless, and his estates were inherited by his sister Hillaria (Note 1).

### **William Edgcumbe de Cotehele.**

**1335. John de Brendon**, born in 1335, was a presbyter in the diocese of Exeter in 1361 and " Vicar of Long Wittenham, Berks, to which he was presented by Exeter College 7th March, 1360-1, he having previously been Rector of Maiden Bradley, Wilts; but he appears to have died soon after, as in the autumn of that year is mentioned, in the records of Exeter College, a legacy from him, for an account of which see Mr. Boase's Registers of Exeter College" (Jewers, p. 176).

**1350. Thomas de Brendon**, probably a brother of John, who married Maude de Cotehele, was a merchant at Plymouth. He married a daughter of William Fitz-Walter prior to 1350. This William was son and heir of Robert Fitz-Walter, knight, and he, on the marriage of his daughter to Thomas de Brendon, executed a deed granting to him and his heirs an annual rent of 312 shillings out of his lands and tenements in Langonet and Leghe (Note 2a).

**1390. John Brendon** (spelt Wrendon) was witness to a deed, a grant to Richard Middle by John Scudamore, Lord of Shittistore (Sheepstor) (Worth, Devonshire Parishes, vol. i. p. 33).

**1410. Robert Brendon of Holsworthy**—" Thomas Body, priest and parochial chaplain of Jacobstowe had solemnized a marriage between the said Robert and one Sarah Chope of the parish of Monkleigh without permission from the curate of either parish, and notwithstanding the fact (as alleged) that, when the banns were published, a lawful impediment was declared against the said Robert; moreover, he took from them a fee of 6/8; incurring for this irregularity the greater excommunication. He was suspended by the Bishop, but appealing to Rome, was absolved, and a Dispensation was, in due course, granted" (vol. i. 99b) (Register of Edmund Stafford).

**1419. John Brendon**, Tonsuratus, ordained to Toryton 28th May, 1419 (Register of Edmund Stafford, Bishop of Exeter, 1395-1419, index by Rev. Preb. Hingeston-Randolph, (1886)

**1432. William Brendon**, one of the University Proctors of Oxford in 1432, was witness to a composition between Master William Chamberlayne, Rector of the College of St. Mary and All Saints, of Lincoln, and Master William Gascoigne, engaging that certain anthems shall be sung in honour of St. Anne, in All Saints' Church, on certain days, in return for certain books given by him to the college, but then left in his custody (MS. folio 26, Lincoln Coll., Oxford. Hist. MSS. Com. Report, ii. p. 131).

**1433 Peter**, living in 1433.

**1498. John Brendon** was one of the four bailiffs of the city of Exeter, who with the portreeve or mayor governed the city.

**1499 Sir Richard**, Comptroller of the Household of Henry VII. ; died 1499.

**1516. Joane Brendon** married Edward Crossman, of Cross, in Botusfleming, gent. Their son John Crossman married Philippa, daughter of John Gifford, of Hallesburie, Devon (Note 2b).

**1523. Subsidy Roll**—Walkhampton parish:

Mawte (Maud) Brendon, widow, in goods, £6-3s to the Subsidy Plymouth:—  
John Brendon, in wages, 20s.—4d to the Subsidy.

**1539 Sir Piers**; died 1539; built Mount Edgcumbe.

**1611. June 25. Roger Burnerd**, alias Denbawde, of Ashburton, draper, and Margaret Dorchester, of Ipplepen, widow; said Burnerd and Peter Brendon, of Ashburton, gent., in £200 (Vivian, Devon and Cornwall Marriage Licences).

*The following particulars of the Brendons of Brendon and Westcott were obtained by A. J. Jewers, Esq., F.S.A., from Wills at Bodmin and Exeter and the Registers of Births, Deaths, and Marriages in the parishes of St. Dominick and St. Budeaux.*

(See Heraldic Church Notes from Cornwall, by Arthur J. Jewers, F.S.A., 1886.)

**1566. Richard Brendon of Brendon** in St. Dominick, buried 13th April, 1566.

Had issue:-

(1) **John Brendon of Brendon** buried at St. Dominick 22nd Feb., 1571, as John Brendon the elder. Will proved at Bodmin 16th April, 1572. Will lost. (Note 3). Had issue **see A below**.

(2) **Richard**, who had issue:-

1. **Elizabeth** married at St. Dominick Edward Couch, of St. Stephen's-by-Saltash, 15th June, 1572.

2. **Peter** buried at St. D. 6th Feb., 1569.

3. **John** married Christian Burte at St. Budeaux, 1st Dec., 1586. Had issue:-

1. **Richard** of Higher Ernesettle, married Wilmote . . . she was buried at St. Budeaux 4th May, 1624. Their son John was buried at St. Budeaux 5th May, 1618.

4. **Mary** married John Hendy at St. D. 6th Oct., 1589.

In that year John Hendy acquired the estate of Trenowith, in Michaelstow. He died in 1616, and his property passed to his daughters Abigail, Patience, and Frances, the wives of Stoning, Cozens, and Marke (Maclean, iii. 569-70).

**A - John Brendon of Brendon**, buried 22nd February, 1571, as above. Had issue:-

(1) **John of Brendon** married Ann, fifth daughter of Robert Moore of Moore, in South Brent, Devon, 1576; buried at St. D. 11th Sept., 1606. Will lost. Administration only, granted to Ann Brendon, widow, and Robert Moore of Moore, in the county of Devon, Esq., on 31st Dec., 1608 (Note 4). Inventory made by Anthony Brendon, his brother, 18th April, 1607. Had issue:-

1. **Jone** baptised at St. D. about 1577 (date gone); died an infant.
2. **Elizabeth** baptised 12th June, 1579; married Thomas Bond 21st June, 1602 (Note 4).
3. **Jone** baptised 18th Feb., 1581; married Tristram Tubb (Note 5) 21st June, 1602.
4. **Mary** baptised 28th Feb., 1584.

Ann Brendon married secondly, as second wife, Roger Martin, son of Thomas Martin, of Dotington, Devon, 14th Dec., 1608 (Vis. of Devon., 1620), and by him had three children, Anthonie, Christian, and Gertrude. By his first wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Fursland, of Bickington, Devon, he had three children, Roger, Margaret, and Judith.

(2) **William Brendon of Westcott** (Note 6), in St. Dominick, married at St. D. 28th Jan., 1567, Christian, daughter of John Clobery, of Bradstone, Devon; buried 9th May, 1618. Will dated 13th April, 1618 (Note 8). Administration granted 20th April, 1619. William had issue **see B below**:-

(3) **Anthony of Lezant**, married at St. D., 17th June, 1569, Jone Hammett, also of Lezant (Note 6a). Their daughter Mary married James, son of James Burdon of Burdon, in Highampton, previous to the Heralds' Visitation of 1620 (Note 7).

(4) **Thomas**, married at St. D., 28th May, 1570, Christian Bond; settled in Lawhitton but there were no children of his registered in that parish (Note 4).

(5) **John of Brendon**, married at St. D., 22nd Jan., 1574, married Margery Symons at St. Dominick, 22nd Jan., 1574, (Note 9). Had issue **see D below**:-

(6) **Jone**, married 30th Oct., 1559, Lewis Hicks, probably of the family of Hicks of Menedue, in Luxulyan (Vis., 225), where they have lived for many generations, and still are owners of the property.

(7) **Katherine**, married 13th June, 1562, Henry Clobery (Note 6). Mary, their daughter, was baptised at St. Dominick 1565, and Henry, their son, was married there in 1604 to Elizabeth Martin.

**B - William Brendon of Westcott** had issue:-

(1) **John** died an infant; buried at St. D. 31st Jan., 1568.

(2) **Harry** baptised at St. D. 4th Dec., 1579.

(3) **Jone** buried 15th June, 1583.

(4) **John** baptised at St. D. 22nd May, 1581; named as deceased in his father's will, 1618; married . . . about 1600. Had issue:-

1. **Joane**, baptised 10th March, 1601; married John Marke, of Liskeard, previous to 1620 (Note 11); named in the will of her grandfather.
2. **William of Westcott**, born about 1603 ; not in the register of baptisms of St.



D. ; married at St. D., 28th Nov., 1629, Joyce Diamond; buried at St. D. as Mr. William Brendon, 21st Dec., 1680 (Note 12); named in the will of his grandfather. His wife was buried as "the wife of William Brendon, senr. gent.," 3rd Nov., 1677 (Bishops' Transcripts) Had issue **see C below**:-

3. **Robert Brendon**, born about 1610; buried 16th Sept., 1690, named in his grandfather's will (Note 8) Mentioned in the will of Persis Brendon as her cousins Had issue-

1. *Elizabeth.*

2. *Robert.*

- (5) **Ann** married at St. D., 24th March, 1599, Thomas Toser; named with her husband in her father's will (Note 8).
- (6) **Elizabeth**, married at St. D., 23rd Feb., 1595, Hugh Vigurs, of Bamham (Note 10), named with her husband in her father's will (Note 8).

### C - William of Westcott had issue:-

- (1) **William of Westcott** (Note 15), baptised 26th Sept., 1630; married at St. D. (date gone), 1657, Mary Waring; buried 22nd June, 1716. She was buried as Mrs. Mary Brendon, 15th Jan., 1708 (Note 15). Both mentioned in the will of Persis Brendon. Had issue:-

1. **Anna** baptised 30th May, 1659; buried 18th Nov., 1672.

2. **Robert** born 1660; buried 28th July, 1698; married Elizabeth Willcocks of St. Ewe on 2nd Nov. 1687, at St. Andrew, Plymouth. Had issue:-

1. **William Brendon**, baptised at St. Dominick 19th July, 1688; buried there as William Brendon, gent. 27th Feb., 1705. Mural monument in the church to his memory (Note 16)

Mrs. Elizabeth Brendon (nee Willcocks) is mentioned in the will of Mrs. Mary Brendon (nee Waring) as her daughter-in-law.

- (2) **Anne**, baptised 28th Oct., 1632; married, 20th Sept., 1660, William, son of Francis Rider of Carkeel, in St. Stephen's-by-Saltash. He married secondly, May 14th, 1670, at St. Stephen's, Elizabeth, daughter of Arthur Burell of Burell, born 11th April, 1630 (Note 13). The marriage of Anne Brendon is the last Brendon marriage registered in St. Dominick.

- (3) **Robert**, baptised 30th March, 1635; married, 1666 (?), Persis (Pearse?); buried 30th March, 1689. She died 1692. Will dated 2nd Oct, 1689 (Note 14). Had issue:-

1. **Persis**, baptised 30th July, 1668; buried 13th March, 1674.

2. **Robert**, baptised 5th April, 1689; buried 10th Sept., 1689.

- (4) **Philippa**, baptised 23rd Oct., 1636.

- (5) **Elizabeth**, baptised 12th June, 1639.

### D - John of Brendon had issue:-

- (1) **John Brendon, of Lawhitton**, born 1575; buried as John the elder 5th June, 1643. Had issue **see E below**:-

(2) **Robert**, married Mary ....., buried 3rd Aug., 1646. She was buried 5th April, 1645. Had issue:-

1. **Richard of Broomhill**, in Lezant, married first, 2nd Nov., 1646, Mary Benny; she was buried 14th Nov., 1662, at Lawhitton. He married secondly, Joan Dingle (Note 17), 2nd April, 1668; he died 1686. Will proved 26th Feb, 1686. (Note 18)

All Richard's sons having died during his lifetime, he left his estate of Broomhill to his kinsman Oliver, the son of Oliver Brendon, and legacies to William and Mary, Oliver's brother and sister (Note 18).

Had issue by first wife:-

1. **Mary** baptised 4th March, 1646 (Note 20).
2. **Robert** buried 13th May, 1647.
3. **Robert** baptised 22nd Aug., 1647; buried 15th March, 1662.
4. **Joan** baptised 19th March, 1652; married, 12th Dec., 1683, Henry Hext of Launceston, where his grandfather, George Hext, was alderman 1620.
5. **Philippa** baptised 10th Aug., 1655.
6. **John** buried 3rd March, 1661.

**E - John Brendon, of Lawhitton**, buried 1643 had issue:-

(1) **John of Lawhitton** married Mary; buried as "the elder" 25th June, 1662 (Note 19). She was buried 24th Nov., 1676, as "widow." Had issue:-

1. **John of Lawhitton** married, 22nd June, 1660, Martha, daughter of Christopher Roberts of Lifton. He was buried 17th March, 1740, "aged 79." Had issue:baptised

1. **John of Lawhitton** 29th March, 1661.
2. **Christopher** buried 31st Dec., 1668.
3. **William** buried 7th March, 1677.
4. **Sarah** buried Dec., 1676. buried
5. **George**.

2. **Katherine** married, 1665, William Tooker, of Brods, in Helland, Cornwall (Note 21).

3. **George** married first, 3rd Sept., 1667, Margaret Masters, had issue:1. **George** born about 1668; buried 28th Dec., 1736; mentioned in his father's will (Note 22). Married secondly Katherine Downing, 20th Oct, 1680. He was buried 4th Feb., 1681. Administration granted to widow, 25th Feb. (Note 22).

4. **Oliver of Lawhitton**, married, 2nd Sept., 1656, Joan, daughter of William Mark, of Tintagel; died April, 1667. Administration granted to Oliver Brendon, senr. (Note 23) She died 21st Jan., 1668. Had issue:born 1657; buried

1. **Oliver** Nov., 1660.
2. **Oliver** born 1661(2); died Aug. or Sept., 1690 (Note 24). born 1663; died
3. **William of Tettaridge** Aug., 1731 (Note 25). Married Susannah Whitford, 7th Nov., 1719, She was buried 22nd July, 1737. Had issue
4. **Mary**.

see F below:5. **Martha** married Geddie Pearse.

(2) **Oliver**, buried 6th July, 1670, as "the elder."

(3) **George**, married, 5th Feb., 1655, Eliza Prout. She was buried, 11th April, 1665, as "Elizabeth, the wife of George." Had issue:-

1. **Katherine**, baptised 22nd Sept., 1656; buried 18th Dec., 1738.

2. **Elizabeth**, buried 15th Oct., 1664.
3. **George**, born 31st March, 1660; buried 6th Feb., 1676.
4. **John**, buried 12th July, 1665.

**F - William of Tettaridge** had issue:-

- 1) **William of Tettaridge**, born 1721; buried 17th March, 1789; married Mary . . . 1745. She was born 1729; buried 4th Oct., 1763. Had issue:-
  1. **William of Treniffle**, in Lawhitton, born 1746; died 29th Aug., 1787, s.p., leaving his estate to his brother John.
  2. **John of Tettaridge**, born 1748; died 8th May, 1810; married, 1790, Mary Jackman, of Lifton. She died July, 1833. Had issue **see G below**.
  3. **George of Newham**, in Lawhitton, born 1750; died 13th July, 1822; married Charity Martin about 17 85. She died 18th May, 1809. Had issue, see p. 16.
  4. **Peter of Timbrelham**, in Lezant, born 1753 ; died 14th Aug., 1807, s.p.; married Peggy Brendon, of Carzantic, daughter of Edward Brendon, 29th April, 1783. She died 5th Aug., 1849.

2) **George**, born 1722.

3) **Edward of Carzantic**, in Lawhitton, born about 1724 ; buried 24th June, 1788; married Mary . . . She was buried 19th Sept., 17 71. Had issue **see H below:4) Martha**, buried 21st Feb., 1776, as “of Launceston.”

**G - John of Tettaridge and Mary Jackman** had issue:-

- 1) **Mary**, born 1792; died 1875; buried at Trusham, Devon; married Edward, son of John Brendon, of Upper Chillaton. Issue;
- 2) **William of Tettaridge**, born 27th May, 1794 ; died 13th Sept., 1832 ; married, June, 1822, Mary Ann, eldest daughter of Thomas Coryndon Stert, of Yeolmbridge, in Werrington. She died . . . (Note 26). Had issue **see G below:-**
  1. **William Stert**, C.E., born May, 1823; died 27th Oct., 1851, unmarried.
  2. **Emily Elizabeth**, born 4th March, 1825.
  3. **Anna** – Twin born 6th Sept 1827, - died . . .
  4. **Helen Margaret** – Twin born 6th Sept 1827. Died 20th Sept, 1854.
  5. **Lucy Mary**, born 25th Feb., 1832.
- 3) **John Brendon of Treniffle**, born 6th Jan., 1797; died 9th Dec., 1869 (?); married Caroline, daughter of Dr. Parson, of Tavistock. She died 1872. Issue;
- 4) **Peter**, born 6th Jan., 1797; twin of John; died July, 1818; drowned when bathing in the Tamar.
- 5) **Sibella**, born 1800 ; died 1849 or 1850 ; buried at Plympton St. Mary ; a window was placed by her son to her memory in Trusham Church; married Richard Cotgrave, Captain R.N. He died 1870. Had issue:
  1. **Richard Edward Forbes**, Colonel R.E., born 1831; died 21st Sept., 1873, unmarried (Note 27)
- 6) **Richard of Tettaridge**, born 6th Aug., 1803; died 1st Sept., 1879 ; married Margaret, third daughter of Thomas Coryndon Stert, born 1806; died 18th Aug., 1891. Had issue:-
  1. **Thomas Coryndon Stert** born 6th Feb, 1834. Married Jean Catherine Richards 30th April, 1866,
  2. **Maria** born 5th April, 1835; died 22nd Sept., 1836.

3. **Mary Elizabeth** born 13th June, 1836.
4. **Margaret Stert** born 26th Nov., 1837; died 20th Oct., 1881.
5. **Fanny Maria** born 6th Aug, 1839.
6. **Emma Wood** born 5th Nov, 1840.

7) **Charles Richard**, born 21st Jan., 1842; Uncovenanted India Civil Service, Salt Department. Retired 1899.

8) **Edith Jessie Anne**, born 18th Dec., 1846 ; died 5th Sept., 1850.

**G - John Brendon of Trenifle and Caroline Parson** had issue:

(1) **Algernon, Major-Gen. R.A.** (retired) (Note 28), born 1829; married, 1857, Elizabeth, only child of M. Atkinson, of Kemnal, Kent, stepdaughter of Josiah Wilkinson, barrister and Colonel of Volunteers. She was born 1836; died 10th July, 1894. Had issue:-

1. **Herbert Algernon**, Major R.A. (Note 29), born 29th March, 1862; married, 1894, Ettie, daughter of General F. J. Stephenson, Indian Army (retired).
2. **Ernest**, born 28th July, 1863, is in British Columbia.
3. **Edith**, born 21st Dec., 1864.
4. **Beatrice**, born 1st Aug., 1867.
5. **Gertrude**, born 23rd Nov., 1869; died 14th Feb., 1873.
6. **Walter**, born 30th April, 1871, is in California.
7. **Florence**, born 15th Oct., 1872.
8. **Charles Lionel**, Lieut. R.N., born 19th Nov., 1876.

(2) **Emma**, born 1822; died at Bath, February 23rd, 1897; married, 1842, Charles George Edward Patey, Admiral R.N. (Note 30), born 1811; died 1881. Had issue:-

1. **Charles Henry Bennett**, C.B., Third Sec. G.P.O. (Note 31), born 15th Nov., 1844 ; died 28th March, 1889 ; married, 17th Jan., 1871, Helen, daughter of Nathaniel Overbury. Had issue:-

1. **Charles**, born 20th Sept., 1873 ; an attorney ; married, Sept. 16th, 1902, his cousin, Margaret Eleanor, youngest daughter of Walter Overbury, of the Firs, Catton, Norwich, attorney.
2. **Ernest** , born 20th Nov.,
3. **Henry** 1875. , born 28th
4. **Edward** April, 1879.
5. **Walte** , born 6th Sept.,  
1881. ; born 9th Feb.,  
1883.

2. **Emily Frances**, born 1847, married, 1883, Rev. Thos. Errington Scott, M.A., Vicar of Norton, Stockton-on-Tees (Note 32). Had issue:, born 18th Sept, 1885. ,

1. **Francis Errington** born 28th Nov, 1886.

2. **Frederic Gilbert**

3. **Alice Mary Lower** born 1856; married, 1897, Wm. S. Richards (son of Rev. John Richards), H.M. Consul at Jeddah, afterwards of Damascus (Note 33).

(3) **Ellen**, born 1825; married, 1855, Thomas Pearson (Note 34), merchant, of London.

Had issue:-

1. **Caroline**, born 1856; married, 1879, Mark J. Barrington Ward, M.A., F.L.S., F.G.S., H.M. Inspector of Schools. Has issue:-

1. **Fred. Temple** born 30th Aug, 1880.
2. **Ellen Gwendoline** born 21st April, 1881.
3. **Launcelot Edward**, born 4th July, 1883.
4. **Phyllis Mary**, born 12th Jan., 1885.
5. **Victor Michael**, born 17th July, 1887.
6. **Robert McGowan**, born Feb., 1890.
7. **Hermione Caroline**, born Jan., 1892.
8. **John Grosvenor**, born 26th Dec., 1894.
9. **Christina**, born Feb., 1897.

2. **Ellen**, born 1858.
3. **Thomas Howard**, born 1859; land agent; married, Nov. 27th, 1901, Lilian Statham, youngest daughter of W. R. Perry. Has issue: 1. **Joan Mary**, born 24th Dec., 1902.
4. **Jessie**, born 1861.
5. **Francis**, born 1862; living in Australia.
6. **Rev. Lewis H.**, B.A., born 1864; Head Master of Market Bosworth Grammar School; married May, only daughter of the Rev. Howel Jones. Has issue: born 12th March, 1889.
  1. **Tom Howel** born 18th Dec., 1893. born Oct., 1894. born May, 1896.
  2. **Mary Howel**
  7. **Mary**, born 186-.
  3. **Lewis Howel**
  4. **Monica Howel**

(4) **Frances Alethea**, born 1834; married Fredk. Wm. R. Gordon, of the War Office, son of General Henry William Gordon and brother of General Charles G. Gordon of Khartoum (Note 35). Had issue:-

1. **Helen**, born 1863; married, 1886, John R., son of J. R. Holligan, barrister-at-law, Government Secretary British Guiana (District Probate Registrar at Wells).
2. **Herbert**, born 1863.
3. **Evelyn**, born 186-.
4. **Aylmer**, born 1864; died 1877.
5. **Rose**, born 1869; died 1901.
6. **Amy**, born 1871.

(5) **Lewis**, born 1835; died in Australia, 1883.

**H - Edward of Carzantic and Mary** had issue:-

(1) **Mary**, born . . .; died 8th June, 1775.

(2) **William of Carzantic**, born . . .; married . . . Palmer. Had issue:

1. **Edward of Carzantic**, born . . .; married . . . Couch. Had issue:

1. **Mary**, died without issue; married Tregonning.
2. **Edward**, died unmarried.

2. **Mary**, born . . .; married . . . Geo. Parkyn, of Launceston. Had issue:

1. **George Pentire of Bodmin**; Mayor 1867, 1868.

3. **William of Lower Carzantic**, born 1790, died 1829; married Mary Harris of Plymouth, died 1845. Had issue:-

1. **Elizabeth Harris**, born Nov. 3rd, 1815; married William Selley of Falmouth. Had issue:-

1. **William Brendon**, born Dec. 17th, 1859.

2. **Mary Ann**, born Jan. 22nd, 1817; died Feb. 28th, 1867; married Robert Sale Smith of Southampton. Issue:-

- 1. Robert John* , born May 18th, 1849; died March 23rd, 1850.
- , born Feb. *2. Mary Brendon* 8th, 1851.
- , born June *3. Ellen Louisa* 7th, 1852.
- 4. Emily Sale* , born Dec. 7th, 1853; died May 18th, 1873.
- , born March 24th, *5. William Robert* 1855; died May 20th, 1868.

**3. Peggy**, born Sept. 24th, 1818; died 1853; un-married. **4. William Oliver**, born Aug. 31st, 1820; died July 16th, 1891; married Mary Long of Barnwood, Gloucester. Issue:-

- 1. Mary Augusta*, born June 19th, 1854; died Nov. 2nd, 1854.
- 2. William*, born Aug. 2nd, 1855.
- 3. Laura Elizabeth*, born May 31st, 1857.
- 4. Oliver Henry*, born Dec. 19th, 1860.
- 5. Sidney James*, born Nov. 10th, 1862.
- 6. Ellen Gertrude*, born Aug. 23rd, 1869.

**5. Louisa**, born March 2nd, 1826; died Aug. 12th, 1880; married John Furneaux of Penryn. Had issue:-

- 1. Mary Louisa* June 20th, 1863.
- 2. Brendon Wallace* , born March 14th, 1868; died Nov. 21st, 1885. , born May 26th, 1872.
- 3. Robert Leslie*

**6. Richard**, born April 1st, 1828; died June 20th, 1892; married Ann Long of Barnwood, Gloucester. Issue:-

- 1. Frederick* 16th, 1858.
- 2. Arthur Henry* , born Nov. 26th, 1859; died July 15th, 1862.
- 3. George Long* born March 4th, 1862.
- 4. Mary Edith* born Oct 22nd, 1863.
- 5. Frank Richard* born, June 26th, 1865.
- 6. James Reuben* , born May 15th, 1868; died Sept. 24th, 1882.
- 7. Herbert Reuben* , born July 24th, . ,
- 8. Walter Edward* born Feb. 19 1873

**4. Peggy**, died unmarried.

**(3) Edward of Wishworthy**, in Lawhitton, born . . . ; buried 23rd Jan., 1779; married Eliza Langman, of Newton, 21st Feb., 1774. Had issue:-

- 1. William of Landue**, born 1775; married . . . Sargent. Had issue:-
- 2. George**, born . . . ; died 28th June, 1783.
- 3. Mary**, born ... ; died 30th June, 1778.
- 4. Edward**, born . . . ; died unmarried.
- 5. Elizabeth**, born 1784; died 15th March, 1817; married, about 1804, George Martyn of Newhall, in St. Teath, Cornwall, son of George Martyn of Newhall. He inherited Helland from his uncle John in 1827. He was born in 1780; died 9th March, 1835, aged 55. Had issue:
  - 1. John* living in New Zealand.
  - 2. Kate*, married Nicholas Male, of Trehannick, St. Teath.
  - 3 and 4* Two daughters.
  - 5. George of Newhall.*
- 6. Mary Ann**, born . . . ; married . . . Parsons of Hexworthy.
  - 1. Edward.*
  - 2. Thomas*
  - 3. George*

- (4) **George Brendon of Bullsworthy**, died 23rd August, 1828, aged 70. Elizabeth, his wife, died 14th March, 1845, aged 70.
1. **George of Lawhitton.**
  2. **Gregory.**
  3. **Elizabeth**, born 1818; died 3rd July, 1884, aged 66.
- (5) **John of Upper Chillaton**, in Milton Abbot, baptised 3rd Nov., 17 63 ; died 20th Dec., 1840 ; married, 1786, Mary, daughter of Richard Rundle and Mary Gloyne, of Antony, Cornwall (Note 36). She was baptised 6th Dec., 1767; died 20th Sept., 1844. Had issue **see I below.**
- (6) **Elizabeth**, born . . . ; married, 10th July, 1787, Nicholas Langman, of Newton, in Lawhitton.
- (7) **Susannah**, born . . . ; married, 23rd Oct., 1782, Thomas Pearse, of Camelford (born 14th Nov., 1758; died Camelford, 16th Jan., 1814) (Note 37), son of Robert Pearse, of Newport-by-Launceston (Note 38). Issue below:-
1. **Robert**, born 21st March, 1785; died 16th Jan., 1854; married . . . daughter of Warwick Guy, of Roscarrock, Endellion. Had issue, with others:-
    1. **Warwick Guy**, born 24th June, 1811; married Jane Snell Williams, of Stonehouse; Mayor of Camelford, 1843, 1850, 1857. Had issue, with others:-
      - 1) **Mark Guy**, born at Camborne 3rd Jan., 1842; married, 31st Aug., 1866, Mary Jane, eldest daughter of John Cooper, of The Manor House, Dunstable. Ordained Wesleyan minister 1866 (Note 39).
    2. **Edmund,**
    3. **Thomas,**
    4. **William,**
    5. **Margaret,**
    6. **Grace.**
    7. **Elizabeth**, married William Pennington Burgess, M.A., son of Rev. Joseph Burgess (Note 40), Wesleyan minister; born in Liverpool 3rd Dec., 1790; died at Plymouth 23rd July, 1868. Had issue, with others:-
      1. **Margaret**, married Rev. Charles Frederick Kingdon, M.A. Ordained deacon, 1847; priest, 1848; E.C. of Bretton, near Wakefield, 1850-55. Had issue: 1) **Charles, William, Harry, Frances, Caroline, and Florence.**
- (8) **Peggy**, born . . . ; died 5th Aug., 1849; married, 29th April, 1783, Peter Brendon, of Timbrelham, son of William of Tettaridge; died s.p.

**I - John of Upper Chillaton and Mary Rundle** had issue:-

- (1) **Richard Rundle of Billacombe**, in Kelly, born 13th May, 1787; married Jane, daughter of John Ward, of . . . ; died . . . Had issue: 1. **John**, born . . . ; died unmarried.
2. **Richard Peter Brendon**, born March 2nd, 1821; married . . . Symons; died at Watervale, Brentor, Nov. 20th, 1895. Had issue:-

- 1. Emma Jane** born, June 16th, 1850; died an infant.
- 2. Richard Henry** 12 Jan 1852; married Aves Maria Pill of St. Garland Feb 8<sup>th</sup> 1854; married Emily Marsh of Haggerston, London. Had issue:-
- 1) Emily Celia**, born Sept. 2nd, 1882; died Nov. 10th, 1887.
- 2) John Edgar Marsh**, born Aug. 27th, 1883.
- 3) Sydney Thomas**, born June 25th, 1885.
- 4) Alfred Harold**, born Dec. 8th, 1891.
- 4. Celia Ann**, born June 23rd, 1856; died unmarried June 24th, 1903.
- 5. Edwin**, born June 1st, 1859; married Coleridge. Had issue;
- 6. Thomas Sydney Symon** born June 9th, 1861.
- 7. Alfred**, born April 13th, 1863; married Ann Bunning of Homersfield. Had issue:-
- 1) Alfred Rundle**, born 17th Nov., 1895.
- 2) Henry Selwin**, born 5th Feb., 1900.
- 3) Charles Selwin**, born 16th March, 1902
- 8. Frederick George**, born July 23rd,
- 9. Charles Symon** 1865., born June 22nd, 1870.
- 3. Jane**, born Sept. 2nd, 1819; married . . . Pengelly, and had issue.
- 4. William Edward Brendon**, born Feb. 23rd, 1823; married Christiana Moon, of Liskeard; died at Torquay March 31st, 1896. Had issue:-
- 1. Christiana**, born Dec. 30th, 1851; married James Gibson.
- 2. William Edward**, born Jan. 7th, 1853; married Emma Dennis. Had issue:**1) William Edward**, born Sept. 16th, 1887.
- 2) Arthur Dennis**, born June 9th, 1889.
- 3) Amy**, born Feb. 6th, 1893.
- 3. Francis Henry** Feb. 6th, 1855; married Wreford.
- 4. Edwin Vivien**, born June 29th, 1859; M.D. New York University, 1886; L.M. and S., Jamaica, 1880; married Emma Rebecca Stevens of Gardner, Mass.
- 5. Peter Brendon**, born Dec. 16th, 1859; married Achford. Had issue;
- 6. Charles** born May 24th, 1862; married Isabella Gillett Baker.
- 7. Robert**, born Dec. 9th, 1864; married Josephine Maude Westbrook.
- 5. Henry**, born Feb. 6th, 1825; married Peast of Liskeard. Had issue:-
- 6. Daniel**, born Jan. 8th, 1830; married Polkinghorn of St. Blazey. Had issue:The two younger sons emigrated to America.
- (2) Mary**, born 14th Dec., 1787; died 11th Jan., 1816; married, 1815, . . . Hyne, of Stonehouse. Had issue Jane, died an infant.
- (3) John**, born 1790; died 7th Aug., 1847; unmarried.
- (4) Edward of Callington**, attorney, born 19th Jan., 1792; died 1821 (Note 41); married, 11th Dec., 1817, Mary, daughter of John Brendon, of Tettaridge (p. 15). Had issue:-
- 1. Mary Louisa**, born 13th Oct., 1818; married, 1858, as second wife, Thomas Yarde, of Whiteway and Culver House, Chudleigh, Devon (Note 42).
- 2. Sibella**, born April 30th, 1822; died 5th May, 1897; buried at Trusham, Devon; married, as second wife, 5th June, 1862, Rev. Arthur Thomas Gregory, youngest



son of Arthur W. Gregory, of Styvyhall Hall, Warwick (Note 43), Rector of Trusham, 1863—88; buried 31st Aug., 1888, at Trusham. Had issue:-

1. *Eva*, born 26th March, 1864 ; married, 2nd June, 1900, at St. Leonards, Charles Henry Wade, M.A. Oxon., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S., J.P., F.L.S., of Southend, Essex. Has issue:-

1) *Sybella Minerva*, born 6th March, 1901.

3. **William Edward**, Rector of West Grinstead, Wilts, born 28th March, 1821 ; died at West Grinstead 1st Oct., 1864; buried at Trusham, Devon (Note 44) ; married, 26th Aug., 1862, at Tandridge, near Godstone, Surrey, Rachel, youngest daughter of Sir James Como Melvill, K.C.B., late Secretary of the Hon. E.I. Co. (Note 45). Had issue:-

1. *Rachel Mary*, born 7th Sept., 1863 ; married, 1884, Arthur, second son of Thomas Hunt, of The Holt, Middleton Cheney, near Banbury. He died 4th Feb., 1886, s.p., at Leamington, aged 33. She married secondly, June 2nd, 1897, at St. Leonards, Henry Digby, son of Rev. W. H. Cleaver (retired), formerly Curate of St. Mary Magdalen, Paddington. Issue:1) **Ronald Digby Melvill**, born 10th March, 1902.

(5) **George of Upper Chillaton**, born 31st Jan., 1794; died at Bude 1883 (Note 46); married, 27th April, 1830, first, Rachel, daughter of John Curgenvin, of Tretawn (Note 49), in St. Kew, Cornwall. She died 19th May, 1832. He married secondly Jane, daughter of John Ward, of Uppaton, Milton Abbot. By his first wife he had issue:-

1. **George of Upper Chillaton**, afterwards of Bude and Broomhill, in Poughill, Cornwall (M.F.H.), born 14th May, 1832; married, 1857, Elizabeth, only child by his first wife (Perry) of Daniel Ward, of Uppaton, born 1833. Had issue:, born 19th

1. *George of Bude*

2. *Rachel Jane*, born 19th April, 1861; married, Oct., 1888, Samuel S. Holland. Issue, **Albert Brendon**.

3. *Mary Elizabeth*, born 19th June, 1864; married, 29th Nov., 1892, Charles J. J. Anthony, of London. Has issue:-

1) **Reginald**, born Sept., 1893.

2) **Aileen**, born Aug., 1895.

3) **Valerie**, born Feb., 1898.

4) **Rundle**, born 19th May, 1867.

5) **Fanny Edith Sophia**, born 1st June, 1872; married, 29th April, 1902, George Washington Fox, attorney, of Kingston, Surrey.

(6) **Peter, M.R.C.S., L.S.A. 1817, F.R.C.S.** (Note 47), of Launceston, afterwards of Highgate, Middlesex, born 11th Dec., 1797; died 12th April, 1883 ; buried in Highgate Cemetery; married, 11th Aug., 1830, Ann Rachel, only child of Lieutenant James Lawrence, R.N., by Elizabeth Fanny Browne, of Plymouth (Note 48). She was born

10th May, 1807, at Great Yarmouth; died 25th May, 1897; buried at Bembridge, Isle of Wight, where a lychgate has been erected to her memory by her daughter. Had issue:-

1. **Fanny Elizabeth**, born at Launceston, 11th Aug., 1832 ; died 7th Nov., 1899, s.p. ; buried at Bembridge, Isle of Wight; married first, 11th May, 1854, George Frederick Lane, M.R.C.S., etc., of Highgate. He died 3rd Aug., 1856. She married secondly, 21st June, 1864, at Tone Church, Torquay, Charles Shilson, M.A., 1863, second son of William Shilson, by Ann, daughter of William Dinham, of Camelford, of the firm of Coode and Shilson, attorneys and bankers, St. Austell,

Cornwall, Rector of Halton, Bucks, 1865-83, afterwards of Bembridge, Isle of Wight (retired).

(7) **Peggy**, born 21st May, 1800; died 29th Sept., 1882, at 12, Craven Hill Gardens, London; buried in Woking Cemetery; married, 7th Jan., 1830, James Curgenvin (born 15th Nov., 1792 ; died 20th Oct., 1840 in West Indies), son of John Curgenvin, of Tretawn (Note 49), St. Kew, Cornwall. Had issue:-

1. **John Brendon, M.R.C.S., L.S.A., 1852**, of Craven Hill Gardens, London, afterwards of " Philpots," Hildenboro', Kent (Note 50), born 28th March, 1831, at Tretawn, in St. Kew (died 15th Oct., 1903); married, 26th Sept., 1860, Josephine, youngest daughter of Joseph Sadler, of Southampton Villa, Highgate, and Austinfriars, London, by Sarah, only daughter of William Guest, of Cheltenham. She was born at 6, Gordon Place, 24th Nov., 1837; baptised at St. Pancras Church. Had issue:-

1. **Beatrice Josephine**, born 11th July, 1861; baptised 10th Aug., at Christ Church, Lancaster Gate; married at Christ Church, 24th April, 1885, Lionel Henry M. Levin, Major in the 19th (Yorkshire) Regiment, second son of Nathaniel W. Levin, of 44, Cleveland Square, formerly of Wellington, New Zealand. He was born 1850, and died 31st March, 1886; buried in Paddington Cemetery, Willesden. A window to his memory was placed by his widow in Christ Church. Had issue:-

1) **Hugh**, born at York, 16th Jan., 1886. Educated at Wellington College and Sandhurst.

2. **Rachel Margaret**, born 8th Sept., 1862; baptised 10th Oct. ; married, 28th April, 1896, Roland Thornicroft, second son of Frederick Major Mole, of Edgbaston, Birmingham. He was born 12th June, 1868.

3. **John Sadle**, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., of 12, Craven Hill Gardens, born 2nd Dec., 1863; baptised at Christ Church 2nd Jan., 1864; educated at Merchant Taylors' School and St. Bartholomew's Hospital ; married, 3rd June, 1890, Ethel Frances, second daughter of Maurice Grant, of 60, Lancaster Gate. She was born 19th April, 1870. Has issue:1)

**Brenda**, born 23rd Jan., 1900.

4. **Ethel Sarah**, born 27th Feb., 1865; baptised 28th March; married, 1st Nov., 1893, Charles Willmore, M.R.C.S., etc., of Inverness Terrace, London, only child of William O'Neil Emlyn. He was born 4th April, 1862.

5. **Marian Phoebe**, born 23rd July, 1866; baptised 15th Aug. ; married, 20th Jan., 1891, James William Philip Gully, born 27th Feb., 1864; Capt. 19th Hussars, afterwards of 6th Dragoons, and Adjutant of Notts Yeomanry; second son of William Henry Jeffcock, of High Hazels, Sheffield (Note 51). Has issue:-

1) **William Philip**, born 13th Oct., 1891, at Sandgate, Kent; baptised in the Royal Chapel of the Savoy.

2) **Marian Vere** born 17th Aug., 1892, at Canterbury; baptised 17th Oct., at St. Martin's; died 12th Dec., 1892; buried at St. Martin's, Canterbury.

3) **Jeanie**, born 30th Aug., 1895, in Edinburgh; baptised at Christ Church, Paddington, 27th Nov.

6. **William Brendon, M.R.C.S.**, etc., born 28th July, 1868; baptised at Christ Church ; educated at Wellingborough Grammar School and St. Bartholomew's Hospital; married, 6th Feb., 1896, Ellen, daughter of Albert

- Croydon Moore. She died 9th March, 1902, at Melbourne, Australia. born 7th July 1871; baptised 5th Aug.; died 7th Dec, 1872; buried in Woking Cemetery 12th Dec.
- 7. Charles James**, born 1st April, 1873 ; baptised at Christ Church; died 9th Jan., 1874; buried in Woking Cemetery.
- 8. Harold Guest**, born 22nd March, 1874; baptised at Christ Church.
- 9. Evelyn Fanny**, born 24th July, 1876; baptised at Christ Church; educated at St. Paul's School and New College, Oxford. B.Sc. London University, 1898. Passed for I.C.S. Sept., 1898; Assistant Collector, Bellary, Madras, Feb., 1900. Married, 16th April, 1903, Florence Emily, third daughter of Rev. E. R. Parr, Vicar of Chertsey, Surrey.
- 10. Arthur Joseph**, born at Tretawn 3rd Sept., 1833 ; baptised 13th Sept., privately ; officer in the Royal West India Mail Service ; died in the West Indies of fever 10th Dec., 1852 ; buried at sea.
- 2. William**, born at Tretawn 3rd Sept., 1833 ; baptised 13th Sept., privately ; officer in the Royal West India Mail Service ; died in the West Indies of fever 10th Dec., 1852 ; buried at sea.
- 3. George James**, of Tavistock Road, London, born 19th Oct., 1837, at Tretawn; baptised 27th Dec, officer in the P. and O. Service, afterwards broker and underwriter at "Lloyd's"; married, 7th Dec., 1876, Louisa, elder daughter of William H. Woods, of "Lloyd's" and The Cedars, Addiscombe (born 1853 in Camberwell, Surrey. Died Mar 1908 in Essex). Died 1915. Had issue:-
- 1. Leonard Woods**, Engineer R.N., born 17th Dec., 1877; baptised at Holy Trinity, Paddington, 13th Feb., 1878 ; educated at Marlborough, King's College, London, and Royal Engineering College, Keyham. Passed July, 1899. Married Daisy Hopper in 1907. Died 1949. Had issue.
- 2. Louise Margaret** born 11th July, 1879; baptised 12th Aug.
- 3. Percy Brendon** , born 23rd March, 1881; baptised 4th May. Marlborough College. Married Ethel Mary Amelia Chauntler in 1910 Died 18 Nov 1947 had issue:-
- 1) Joan** born 18 Dec 1910. Married Donald Margesson Bell in 1937  
Died 2004  
Had issue:-
- a) Michael Margesson**  
**b) Anthony David**
- 2) Marjorie** Born 1912 married Mr Brister, died 2005. No issue. **3) Mary** born 1913.
- 4. Edith Frances**, born 19th Sept., 1882; baptised 25th Oct. Married Lieut. Reginald Wentworth Gray., Leicester Regt 24 Sept 1904. Had issue.
- (8) Elizabeth**, born 1st Aug., 1802; died . . . 185—; married, 1830, Emanuel Newcombe, of Okehampton. He was born 1803; died 6th Feb., 1889. Had issue:**1. Elizabeth Ann**, born 30th Nov., 1831; died young.
- 2. Mary Elizabeth**, born 24th May, 1835; died young.
- 3. Simon Peter Brendon**, born 1839; Mayor of Okehampton, 1894–5; married, 1874, Marian Ball.  
**1. Brendon Ball** 2nd Sept., 1875.  
**2. Simon** (Twins) born 30th Dec., 1876.  
**3. Marian** (Twins) Married, 12th Sept., 1900, Stanley Spooner, of Plymouth.  
**4. Elizabeth Brendon**, born 4th April, 1878.  
**5. John Jeh** , born 2nd April, 1880.  
**6. Kate Westaway**, born 29th July, 1881

4. **John Brendon**, born 9th July, 1844; died 22nd Sept. 1888; unmarried.

**George of Newham and Charity Martin** (p. 7) had issue:-

(1) **William of Newham**, to whom his uncle Peter devised Timbrelham, born 1786; married, 1809, Mary Langman; died 6th June, 1850. She was born 1789; died 26th April, 1848. Had issue :

1. **Peter**, born 11th May, 1810; died 11th July, 1817.
2. **George of Newham**, born 29th Jan., 1812; died 12th Sept., 1879; married . . . Raddle.
3. **Elizabeth**, born 9th July, 1814; died 11th Oct., 1848.
4. **William of Plymouth**, born 30th Jan., 1818; died 8th April, 1882; married . . . Turner. Had issue:-

1. **William Turne**, born 7th March, 1845; married . . . Adams, and had issue:

- 1) **George Frederick William**, born 21st Oct., 1869; married, 27th Oct., 1894, . . . Ford, and had issue.
- 2) **Benjamin Adams**, born 11th Jan, 1871; India Civil Service; married Griffith . . . , 7th June,
- 3) **William Henry**, born 10th Dec., 1872; M.B.M.Cn., B.Sc. died at sea 17th March, 1897.
- 4) **Alice Mary**, born 3rd Feb., 1875; married Acheson Robert French Power 6th June, 1902.
- 5) **Charles Ernest**, born 25th June, 1876.
- 6) **Richard Turner**, born 24th July, 1878; Lieut. R.N. died at Malta 3rd Aug., 1902.
- 7) **Fanny Marion**, born 4th July, 1880.
- 8) **Catherine Sarah**, born 12th July, 1882.
- 9) **Dorothy Susan**, born 25th May, 1884.
- 10) **John Adams**, born 15th July, 1887

5. **Nicholas Langman**, born 19th June, 1820; died 13th Dec., 1851.

6. **Frederick**, born 4th Feb., 1823; died . . . 1899; married . . . Adams. Had issue: 1. **Mary** married Rubidge.

7. **Mary**, born 5th Aug., 1828; died 1st Sept., 1852.

8. **Francis**, born 22nd June, 1825; died 24th Feb., 1890; married . . . Symons, of Carzantic. Had issue:

1. **Francis**, born 27th Sept., 1863; died 26th Aug., 1897.

2. **Frederick**, born 14th Oct., 1865; died 23rd June, 1881.

3. **Bessie**, born 23rd Sept., 1868,

## NOTES

1. Eustace de Cotehele, living in 1293 and in 1330, in which year he executed a deed. He probably died in that year, as in the year following (1331) his son and successor, Radulphus or Ralph de Cotehele, executed a deed. Radulphus had one son, William, and two daughters. Clarinda married William ... and Maude married John de Brendon (p. 6).

William de Cotehele had one son, Ralph, and one daughter, Hillaria. He died before 1336, when his children were both under age.

The following is copied from the *Records of the Edgcumbe Family*, by Mr. Deeble Boger, pp. 5, 6.

As their [Coteheles'] ancestors had always held their lands of the Earls of Cornwall by Knight Service, John de Eltham, then Earl of Cornwall, promptly seized the wardship of these children as Lord Paramount, and gave it to one Richard de Bakhampton, then his steward in Cornwall, on account of good and agreeable service done to him by the said Richard, who transferred it for a consideration to Maude de Brendon, a lady with a daughter to marry, which daughter [Joane] was accordingly espoused to young Ralph.

*These notes were extracted by Mr. Deeble Boger from a MS. copy of the minutes of the Council of the Duchy of Cornwall from 1352 to 1359, in the library at Mount Edgcumbe.*

Ralph died childless, and on the death of his mother-in-law [Maude de Brendon], about 1352, a contention arose as to the guardianship of his sister Hillaria, and the right to dispose of her in marriage.

John de Eltham having died in 1336, the matter came before the Council of Edward the Black Prince, who had been created Duke of Cornwall by Charter of the King in 1337.

"In the first place John de Brendon, eldest son of Maude de Brendon, claimed the wardship and marriage of Hillaria as his mother's heir; and by an Order in Council, dated March 1, 1352, the Prince declares that they belong to himself, and that he has sold them to the said John, so that she be married without disparagement, for 40 shillings [solez], to be paid to the Feodary of the Duchy. By a subsequent Order he commands his dear 'Vadlet,' John Dabnoun de Bradford (held the manor of Calstock), the said Feodary, or Keeper of the fees of Cornwall and Devon, to deliver to this John de Brendon the body of the said heiress, to be married as afore-said, on payment of the money ; and again in a third Order commands that the said John be allowed to take her lands and tenements for his advantage and profit, 'in case that in any marriage offered to her she shall not be disparaged, within the time ordained by the statute, and that she has refused.'

On further investigation, however, the Feodary learns that Maude de Brendon on her death-bed appointed another son, Thomas, and his sister Joan, to be her executors, and bequeathed to them by will the wardship of the body and lands of Hillaria.

One Mons. Walter de Wodeford [whom the Prince calls 'our dear Bachelor'] has also stated that the contested wardship was sold to him by the said Thomas ; and at the same time Hillaria herself claims to be of full age of fourteen years.

Extract from the Council Book of Edward the Black Prince, at the Duchy of Cornwall Office :  
25th Edward III. (1352).

"Wardship of the heir of William de Cotehele claimed by John de Brendon enquired into. John de Brendon son and heir of Maude de Brendon was in the Wardship of Ralph son and heir of William de Cotehele. 1st March." 26th Edward III. (1353).

"The marriage of Eleanor [Hillaria] Cotehele daughter and heir of William de Cothele, sold to John de Brendon. Dec. 5th."

"Concerning the marriage of Eleanor daughter and heir of William de Cothele with Thomas Brendon."

"The marriage of Eleanor Cothele dau. and heir of William de Cothele with Thomas Brendon. The Prince to be certified therein respecting her age &c. Dec. 8th."

27th Edward III. (1353-4).

"Wardship and marriage of Eleanor dau. and heir of William de Cothele sold to John de Brendon. 6th February."

**2.** Edgcumbe, in Milton Abbot, has continued in the possession of the Edgcumbe family to the present day. William, who married Hillaria de Cotehele (p. 6), was the second son of Richard, whose first son, John, inherited Edgcumbe. William possessed land in Milton Abbot, for "by a deed dated 1378 he [then of Cotehele] releases to the Abbey [of Tavistock] all his lands lying in the Abbot's Park of Innisleigh [Endsleigh], in the manor of Midelton [Milton]." At the dissolution of the monasteries these lands passed to the ancestor of the Duke of Bedford. Burke is in error in ascribing the origin of the Edgcumbe family to Edgcumbe, in Cheriton-Fitz-Pain. The present possessor of Edgcumbe is Piers Edgcumbe, son of Piers, born in 1879 ; Lieut. 4th Batt. Essex Regiment (44th). Appointed to the Army Service Corps Feb., 1900.

**2a.** Langonet (p. 6), now Langunnett, in St. Veep. In the Extenta acer Cornub. 12 Edward I. (1283) it is entered as "Langonet 6 acres." The manor comprises seven farms in St. Veep and three in Lanreath. It belonged to Sir W. Fitz Walter 1385, to John Durnford 1470, and to Sir Peter Edgcumbe temp. Henry VIII. The Barton farm has been held under the Rashleigh family by the Rundles for a century and a half (Lake, iv. p. 288).

**2b.** The Crossmans (p. 7) were seated at Cross, in Botusfeming, from the reign of Henry VII., about 1400, to the middle of the seventeenth century, when the estate was sold to William Barker.

A younger branch of the Crossmans settled at Lancarffe, in Bodmin. Richard Crossman of Bodmin, gent., was granted by Wm. Lobb of Cardinham, Yeom., a lease of Lancarffe for 999 years, 1st July, 1584. In 1653 it passed from Thomas Crossman to Thomas Bullocke, then in 1685 to Mountstephen, and in 1787 it was conveyed to F. J. Hext of Bodmin, in whose family it is now (Maclean, i. 262 ; see Note 21).

**3.** The wills at Bodmin are arranged under letters and dates, with various volumes of indices, each containing the several parishes. Under each parish is a list of the wills, with their dates, but not arranged alphabetically. All wills previous to the year 1600 are lost (p. 8).

**4.** John Brendon (p. 8,9) died without male heir, and his estate of Brendon was inherited by his eldestdaughter Elizabeth (p. 8), wife of Thomas Bond. On Feb. 16th, 1677, Thomas Bond, of Brendon, probably son of the preceding, was buried at St. Dominick. Thomas Bond was of the family living at Earth, in St. Stephen's-by Saltash, one of whom married the heiress of Earth in the reign of Edward III. (see Note 9).

**5.** Tristram Tubb (p. 8,11), son of George Tubb, of Trengoffe, in Warleggan, who died in 1597, andwhose eldest son John married Alice, daughter of Thomas Arundell, of Tolvern, both of whom died in 1623. John Tubb of this family was Mayor of Bodmin 1576 and 1587. In Vivian's *Visitations of Cornwall* the third son is named Tobyas, but it was presumably Tristram. He was overseer under the will of William Trevill, of St. Dominick, with John Jane, of Estcott, in that parish, in 1613. Hals says : "Tubb bought Trengoffe of Trengoffe."

**6.** William of Westcott (p. 8,9) appears to have been the first of the family to reside there, and probablyhis father purchased the estate for him about the time of his marriage in 1567, or transferred it to him, while his elder brother succeeded to Brendon.

*Domesday Book* (1087) states that :-

" The same [Bernerus] holds [of the Earl] Wescote, Ulnod held it in the time of king Edward [the Confessor] and it was taxed for half a ferling, nevertheless there is one ferling; the arable land is half a carucate ; there are two villeins, with one bordarer, and twenty acres of pasture; formerly it was worth 10 shillings, now 5 shillings."

Hals says, under St. Mellion [an error], " Westcot in this parish was another district taxed in the *Doomsday Book*, 1087 ; it is now [1696] the dwelling as I take it of Mr. William Brendon, gent."

William Brendon of Westcott married Christiana, the daughter of John Clobery, lord of the manor of Bradstone, in Bradstone, Devon, by Mary, daughter and heir of John Rowse of St. Austell, and sister of Oliver and Andrew, and Henry, who married Katherine, the sister of William Brendon. "This ancient family," says Lysons, "had resided at Bradstone for eleven descents in 1620. A co-heiress in the year 1711 married Robert Wynn, Esq. [of Brods, in Helland, Cornwall], father of Stephen Glynn, M.D., of King's College, Cambridge, who died without issue in 1800."

*Hubert, father of Robert Glynn, married about 1675 Mary, heiress of Stephen Tooker, of Brods. Their daughter Mary married John Silly of Kernick, in Helland, whose brother Joseph (Sheriff 1714) married Elizabeth, co-heiress of John Clobery of Bradstone, 1710.*

Dr. Glynn added the name of Clobery to that of Glynn. He left his landed property, including Brods and Bradstone, to Rev. John Henry Jacob, his friend. He was interred in a vault under King's College Chapel, and an urn in the chapel bears a long Latin inscription to his memory (see *Nichols' Anecdotes* and Dr. Clement Carlyon in *Early Years and Late Reflections*, vol. ii.).

John Clobery, the son of John Clobery and grandnephew of Mrs. William Brendon, was knighted by Charles II.

Daniel Defoe, in his *Journey from London to the Land's End*, published in 1724, writing of Winchester Cathedral, says:-

" The monument of Sir John Clobery is extraordinary, but not because it puts strangers upon inquiring into his story, than for anything wonderful in the figure, it being cut in a modern dress (the habit gentlemen wore in those times, which being now so much out of fashion appears mean enough). But this gentleman's story is particular, being the person solely entrusted with the secret of the restoration of King Charles II., as the messenger that passed between General Monk on one hand, and Mr. Montague and others entrusted by King Charles II. on the other hand; which he managed so faithfully as to effect that memorable event, to which England owes the felicity of all her happy days since that time; by which faithful service Sir John Clobery, then a private musketeer only, raised himself to the honour of a knight, with the reward of a good estate from the bounty of the king."

Defoe is in error in saying that Clobery was "a private musketeer only," as his father was the head of a county family and M.P. for Launceston in 1660; he was a countryman and friend of General Monk. His mother was Katherine, daughter and sole heir of George Drake, of Spratsshays. Her first husband was John Ford, of Bagtor, in Ilsington, and her son by this marriage was Sir Henry Ford, of Nutwell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, knighted by Charles II. (Prince, p. 380). She married secondly John Clobery (born cir. 1600), of Bradstone, and her son by this marriage, Sir John Clobery, was, as stated, knighted by Charles II. Prince says of him (p. 380), " Sir John Clobery, of Winchester, Kt., was a native of this county, an excellent soldier, and a collonel (sic) of horse [Dr. Gamble, *Life of the Duke of Albemarle*] under General Monk in Scotland, and came with him into England; unto whom he was greatly assisting in the delivery of this country from slavery and restoration of his Majesty King Charles the second, and the royal family to the throne of his ancestors; from whose gracious hands, for the signal services he had done him, he received the honour of knighthood soon after his return." He was M.P. for Winchester 1679-81. **6a.** Elizabeth, sister of Jone Hammett (p. 9), married Francis Colquit of Lewhire, Fowey. She was buried 3rd May, 1621, at Fowey, and he was buried there in the same year. He was the eldest son of John Colquit, baptised 1543, by . . . daughter of . . . Minors. The eldest son of Francis Colquit, John, aged 35 in 1620, married Julyan, daughter of William Stroude, of Holbeton, Devon (see Note 22). The return made to the Herald was signed by this last John Colquit (*Visitations of Cornwall*). The family of Hammett possessed Hamet, in St. Teach, in early Tudor times, and afterwards settled in the adjoining parishes of St. Kew and St. Minver. In St. Minver Church is a monument inscribed :

" Here lyeth the body of Thomas Hamet, who was buried the third day of December Anno Domini 1614. " A Godly life he lived hee to the world did shew, and here remains his bed till sound of trump shall blow."

Sir J. Maclean, iii. 15, 21, 26. **7.** James Burdon of Burdon, in Highampton (p. 9), about four miles from Hatherleigh, now called Burdon Barton. "In Bradford, Devon," according to Lysons (which is an error), pp. exxxvi, 271. He says that "John Dennis Burdon, Esq., now (1810) of Burdon, is the representative of this ancient family, which has been settled at Burdon from nearly the time of the Conquest."

James Burdon was descended from Sir Walter Burdon, Knt., who died 1306. Sir Walter's greatgrandson, John, married Margaret, daughter of Sir Michael Gifford, of Halesbury, who, Sir J. Maclean states, possessed the manor of Lanowe, in St. Kew, Cornwall. She died 1368.

**8.** Will nuncupative of William Brendon, of Westcott, in St. Dominick, gent., dated 13th April, 1618 (p. 8,9) :-

"He gives to the poor of St. Dominick 13 shillings and 4 pence. To the poor of Calstock 6 shillings and 8 pence. To the poor of Callington 6 shillings and 8 pence. To the poor of St. Mellyon 6 shillings and 8 pence and to the poor of Buckland Monachorum in Devon 6 shillings and 8 pence. To his daughter Ann wife of Thomes Toser 3 pounds, 6 shillings and 8 pence; to each of the children of his said daughter 5 shillings and 6 pence. To his son-in-law Hugh Vignes 6 shillings and 8 pence, [name gone] daughter of Hugh Vignes 20 shillings, and to his other children each 5 shillings and 6 pence. To Johanna Brendon daughter of his son John Brendon deceased 10 shillings. To her brother William Brendon 5 shillings. To her brother Robert Brendon a gold ring. To Alice Blackaller 6 shillings and 8 pence. To his servant Elizabeth Gifford 10 shillings. The residue to his wife Christiana whom he appointed executrix; and he appointed John Clowbery Esq. John Crabb gent. and Thomas Toser his sonin-law to be overseers."

*Inventory made by William Brendon, gent. Administration granted 20th April, 1619.*

**9.** Margery Symons (p. 9) was a daughter of Nicholas Symons of Bodilli, in Wendron, by Joan, only child of John Trelay of Trelay, in Pelynt, which Nicholas was son of William of Bodilli, by Margery, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Fowler of Ricot, Oxfordshire. The brother of William was Simon Symons, Rector of Taplow, county Berks, Vicar of Bray 1522, Canon of Windsor 1535 ; born 1489 ; died 1558. (From *Pedigree of Symons*, Lake, iv. p. 115, supplement.)

Fuller says : "The Vicar of Bray, Simon Aleyne, who died in 1588, lived under two kings and two queens, Henry VIII., Edward VI., Mary, and Elizabeth, first a Papist, then a Protestant ; then a Papist, then a Protestant again. He had seen some martyrs burnt at Windsor, and found this fire too hot for his tender temper. This Vicar being taxed by one with being a turncoat and an unconstant changeling, "Not so," said he, "for I have always kept my principle, which is this, to live and die the Vicar of Bray."

Fuller is wrong, for Simon Symons lived in the four reigns mentioned. He died in the first year of Elizabeth, while Simon Aleyne was appointed Vicar of Bray and Canon of Windsor in the second year of Elizabeth, and lived in her reign only.

A verse from the old ballad makes the Vicar say:

" To teach my flock I never missed,  
Kings were by God appointed;  
And they are damned who dare resist  
Or touch the Lord's anointed;  
And this is law, I will maintain,  
Until my dying day, sir,  
That whatsoever king shall reign,  
I'll be the Vicar of Bray, sir."



John Symons, the brother of Mrs. Margery Brendon, married Margaret, daughter of Richard Bond, of Earth, in St. Stephen's. He inherited from his father Trelay, Leigh and Hatt, and from him, who died in 1615, descended the Symons family of Hatt, lately represented by General Penn Symons, killed in South Africa (see Note 4).

**10.** Bamham (p. 9), in Lawhitton, was the seat of the Vigurs family for several generations. Inscribed in gold letters in the church of St. Stephen, Launceston, is the following:-

" 1640. John Vigurs gent. gave Twelve Pence weekly for ever, to be bestowed on the Poor people of the borough of Dunheved, in Bread ; and by D: Poll of Oswald Cook, gent. (dated 20 Nov. 1640) the same is charged on the Eastern Land, parcel of the Barton of Tettaridge in Werrington, Devon."

Richard Vigurs, of Lawhitton, married in 1657 Katherine, third daughter of Francis Wills, of Wyvilecombe, by Katherine, daughter of Ambrose Rouse, of Halton, in St. Dominick.

**11.** John Marke (p. 9) was the son of James Marke of Woodhill, in Liskeard, where the family lived for many generations, tracing four generations previous to the Heralds' Visitation in 1620. Some members of the family held the office of Mayor of Liskeard. They intermarried with the Chapman family, some of whom also held the office of Mayor. James was brother of John mentioned in *Visitations*. His sister Joan married Reginald Hawies, of Treworgy.

John Marke and his son James were trustees with others for the borough and parish lands in 1566. Peter Marke, gent., was Mayor in 1588. John Marke of Bromboit, and John Marke of Woodhill, gent., were trustees in 1592. In 1624 James Marke of Woodhill, gent., and Peter and Philip, yeomen ; and in 1695 John and Joseph, were trustees ; the latter was Mayor in 1691 and 1710. John Marke, Esq., married in 1804 M. M. Badeley, and died in 1823, leaving an only son, Sedley B. Marke, Esq., who married Mary May, daughter of Rev. H. A. Simcoe of Penheale, Egloskerry, and died in 1855, leaving a son and other issue (Lake, *Hist. of Corn.*, iii. 135). Edward Chapman was Mayor of Liskeard in 1620.

**12.** This William Brendon (p. 9) took the side of the Royalists, and had his estates seized by Cromwell's command, "for his delinquences in the first war." He filed a petition for restoration 23rd Oct., 1651. John Doidge was probably put in possession by Cromwell, and the estate was not restored to William Brendon until 1667, after the restoration of Charles II. The Doidge family lived at Leigh, in Milton Abbot, and they are still to be found in that parish.

In 1655 Richard Doidge, of Milton Abbot, married Elizabeth Cater, of Botusfleming, at St. Dominick. They were afterwards connected by marriage with the Brendons.

Lake, in *Hist. of Corn.*, vol. i. 300, says: " Westcott was in the time of Charles II. the seat of John Doidge, Esq., and soon after it became the property and residence of the Brendon family." He did not know of its forfeiture by William Brendon to Cromwell.

**13.** (p. 10) The Burell family were seated at Burell, in St. Stephen's-by-Saltash, "from anterior to Edward II. . . . Recently the family has become extinct, and the estate has passed to the Rev. John Yonge, of Poslinch" (Lake, iv. 178), after the death of John Burell, in 1846, and his widow in 1849. Their monument is in the church.

Arthur Burell, of Burell, who died 1640, married Mary, daughter of Francis Buller, of Shillingham, in the same parish. She died 1625. Their son Arthur died in 1644. He was the father of Elizabeth, who married William Rider in 1670 (see Ped., p. 11), whose first wife was Anne Brendon.

**14.** The will of Persis the widow of Robert Brendon (p. 10) is dated 2nd Oct., 1689:-  
"Being sick in body but of sound mind (&c. &c.) I give to my cousin Elizabeth Brendon my silk flowered gown, silk petticoat (&c.). To my cousin John Pearse ten shillings. To my cousin Sarah Pearse my green silk petticoat and a piece of gold. To my Godson William Brendon twenty three shillings and a diamond ring. To my brother-in-law William Brendon, a ring. To my cousin Robert Brendon, a ring. To my Godson Richard Blight, five shillings. To my cousin Grace Mayow, ten shillings. The residue of what I possess to my sister-in-law Mary Brendon, who is to be sole executrix.

"Signed and sealed by  
Persis Brendon."

William Brendon (see Note 12) died at Westcott in 1680, and was succeeded by his son,

**15.** William, who married Mary Waring (p. 9). Their only daughter, Anna, died in 1672; and their onlyson, Robert, in 1698. His heir became William, the only child of his son Robert ; that William Brendon to whom Persis Brendon, by her will, gave, as her godson, twenty-three shillings and a diamond ring. In C. S. Gilbert's *History of Cornwall* (1820), p. 33, it is stated that "'William Brendon of that house (Westcott) a youth of seventeen years of age was accidentally shot by his companion (named Coffin) whilst on a sporting excursion, in the year 1704; the loss of whom (he being the only child) so affected the father [see above] that he sold the estate of Westcott and settled the remainder of his property on his relatives of the same name resident in the parish of Lawhitton. The present representative and inheritor of the family estates is William Brendon gent., who resides at Werrington and has a sister lately married to Edward Brendon of Callington, Esq.'"

This information was doubtless given to Gilbert by Edward Brendon, son of John Brendon of Chillaton, who was a solicitor at Callington, where he died in 1821.

The will of Mrs. William Brendon (Mary Waring) is at Exeter. It is dated 8th April, 1708. In it she describes herself as of Westcott, widow. She leaves to the poor of St. Dominick, Callington, and St. Mellyn, to each parish 20s.; to her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Brendon, a silk gown and petticoat, a petticoat with gold fringe, a plush pillow, &c., and £10; to sister Mayow, articles of dress and £10; to cousin Sarah Doidge, cousin Edith Doidge, cousin Ann Doidge, and cousin Charles Trehane's wife, articles of adornment; to godson Charles Trehane, an infant, a silver tankard, &c., and £10; gifts to cousin Grace Sanguine, wife of Richard Sanguine, and to their daughter Grace Sanguine, and their two other daughters; cousin Johan Markes, cousin Elizabeth Grills and her son, Sampson Trehane; also the following: Mary Jane and her daughter Catherine Frethy, Loveday Eastmeat, Johan Hand, Elizabeth Jane, goddaughter Mary Wright, Addy Candye, Dorothy Martyn, Alice Bassett, Francis Hart, John and Elliner Martyn. Nephew Charles Trehane, residuary legatee and executor. Sealed with these arms, viz. Three martlets, one and two.

Mrs. Charles Trehane was buried in St. Dominick June 1st, 1719.

The Trehane family possessed Trehane, in Probus, for many generations, and terminated with John Trehane, who signed the return for the Herald in 1620. His eldest daughter married John Scawen in 1608, to whom the estate passed on the death of her father. The other daughters married Kendall, Courtney, and Vermon (*Vivian's Vis.*, 473).

A younger branch settled at Stockaton, in Southill, of whom Laurence Trehane married Joan, daughter of Samson Grills of Lamerton, about 1580. Charles Trehane, the nephew of Mrs. William Brendon and her residuary legatee, was of Stockaton. Her cousin Elizabeth Grills was of the Launceston family, and Mary Jane was wife of John Jane of Estcott, in St. Dominick.

The present possessor of Stockaton is William Stephen Trehane, Esq. He and his uncle John Holly Trehane placed a window in the south aisle of Southill Church in 1855 to the memory of Stephen

Trehane, who died 1848; Mary, his wife, died 1838. Stephen Trehane, of Tavistock, died 1853, and Eliza, his wife, died 1850.

**16.** (p. 10) There is no will of William Brendon at Bodmin. He died in 1716, and it is probable he may have given some of his unentailed property to his kinsman in Lawhitton, as Gilbert says ; but Westcott was probably entailed, as letters of administration were granted on 17th August, 1719, three years after his death, probably after litigation, to Ann, wife of Richard Chapman, of Liskeard, as next of kin of William Brendon, jun., of Westcott.

Westcott was for a few years held by Richard Doidge as a tenant. He married Mary Pynsent 1656 ; he was buried at St. Dominick as Mr. Richard Doidge of Westcott, Jan. 15th, 1723. She was buried 13th May, 1733.

Mrs. Mary Brendon mentions three of his children in her will, dated 1708, as cousins.

Westcott was afterwards sold to John (?) Pode of Woodland, in St. Budeaux, ancestor of John Duke Pode, Esq., J.P., of Slade.

William Brendon, jun., was the only male living of five generations of Brendons when he became heir of William of Westcott.

Mr. Jewers says: "It is not clear who this William Brendon and Ann Chapman were." William Brendon, jun., was the great-grandnephew of Joane Brendon, baptised 1601, who married John Marke of Woodhill, Liskeard, and the great-grandson of her brother William. Ann, the wife of Richard Chapman of Liskeard, I take it, was the granddaughter of Joane Brendon, the wife of John Marke of Woodhill, and second cousin of William Brendon, sen., who died 1716, as these two families of Marke and Chapman intermarried, and both furnished mayors for Liskeard.

On a handsome mural monument in St. Dominick Church (p. 10), having an armorial shield of the Arms of Brendon on the top margin, is inscribed :

"To the memory of  
William Brendon  
of Westcott gent.  
who dyed the 22nd day  
of FebY 17 00;  
in the 17th year  
of his age."

With the death of William Brendon, sen., of Westcott, in 1716, ended the elder line of the family.

**17.** (p. 10) Darley, in Linkinhorne, anciently the property of a family of the same name, has been vested in the Dingle family for several generations. It was held as a marriage settlement by Mary, the mother of John Dingle, gent., in 1728," and it is at the present time (1903) the property of a gentleman of the same name. "Attached to the estate is a chapel and a cemetery" (Lake, ii. 131). The names Dingle (p. 11) and Dingley were at one time used indiscriminately; they had their origin in Dingley, in Lewanick (see Note 24).

**18.** (p. 10) "I Richard Brendon of Lawhitton being sick &c. &c. give to William Brendon son of Oliver Brendon deceased my Kinsman 40s. To Mary Brendon daughter of said Oliver 40s. To poor of Lawhitton 10s. Residue of Goods &c. and Lands called Broomhill in Lezant to Oliver Brendon of Lawhitton, he to be sole executor. Dated 14 Feb. 1686. Proved 26 Feb. 1686. Witnesses Robert Harry, Robert Harry, jun., and Robert Geake. Inventory, £29 19s. 0d."

**19.** (p. 10) Letters of administration of the goods of John Brendon the elder, of Lawhitton, yeoman, granted by the Exeter Probate Court to John Brendon. Dated 17th Nov., 1662. Inventory £4 5s. 8d., taken by John Brendon and Matthew Letheby.

**20.** (p. 10) The registration of baptisms, marriages, and deaths during Cromwell's usurpation was irregularly kept, as it was taken out of the hands of the clergy in 1653. Whole families died young of smallpox; many of plague, in this century.

**21.** (p. 11) Stephen Tooker of Brods, in Helland (see Note 6), Cornwall (grandson of Stephen Tooker, of Lamerton), was living 1620. His third son, Stephen, married in 1618 Margery, daughter of Peter Marke, of Woodhill, Liskeard (see Note 11), and his son William married in 1665 Katherine, daughter of John Brendon, of Lawhitton. Mary, a daughter of Stephen Tooker the elder, married about 1615 Richard Crossman, of Lancarffe, in Bodmin parish. We have seen (Ped., p. 8) that in 1516 Joane de Brendon married Edward Crossman, of Cross, gent. Stephen, the son of Christopher Tooker, of Brods, born 1611, married in 1649 Mary, daughter of William Opie, of Penhargard. Mary, his heir, married Hubert Glynn (see Note 6), and carried the Tooker property to the Glynn's. Robert their son married Clobery (see Note 6).

The above Stephen Tooker of Lamerton, having an infirmity in the head, received a certificate from Henry VII. permitting him to wear his hat in the royal presence.

*A true copy from the Record (1, c. 2, fo. 404) in the College of Arms, London.*

(Signed) Stephen Tucker, Rouge Croix. "

Henry Rex [VII.]

"Henry by the Grace of God, King of England and France and Lord of Ireland, To all manner of Our Subjects, as well of the Spiritual Preheminence and Dignitie as of the Temporal Authority. These Our Letters, heiring or seeing, Greeting—forasmuch as we be credibly informed that our trusted Subject, Stephen Tooker of Lamerton in Our County of Devon, Gent. For certain Diseases and Infirmities, which he hath and daily sustayneth in his head, he cannot conveniently without his great danger be discovered of the same, We let you with that our grace especiall in tender consideration thereof, We have by these Presents licensed the said Stephen Tooker to use and weare his Bonnet upon his head, as well in our Presence as elsewhere att his Libertye. Therefore We will and Command you and every of you to permit and suffer him to doe, without any your Challanges, Lettes or Interruptions to the Contrary, as yee and every of you tender our Pleasure.

"Given under Our Signet, at our Manner of Woodstock the 2<sup>d</sup> day of July, in the 10th year of our Reign [1494] " (Maclean, ii. 56).

The family lived at Tavistock temp. Edward IV., and Reginald Toker was returned by Liskeard to Parliament in 1425.

**22.** Will of George Brendon (p. 11).—" I George Brendon of Lawhitton yeoman, being sick &c. &c., give To my son George Brendon all my Goods Chattels and Debts, and he to be sole executor. George Masters of Stoke Climsland my brother-in-law and Richard Swan of Lawhitton to be guardians and overseers during nonage of said son. Dated 29 Jan. 1680. Witnesses Robert Harry, John Dawe and Robert Downing. 19 Feb. 1680. Executors renounce, and administration granted to Catherine Brendon widow, Robert Harry yeoman and Thomas Brent. 25 Feb. Inventory, £243 14s. 0d."

The Downings lived in Egloskerry, as about 1620 Richard Downing, of that parish, married Julyan, daughter of Francis Colquit of Lewhire, in Foye, by Elizabeth, daughter of Hammett of Lezant (*Visitations*, p. 92). See Note 6.

**23.** Letters of administration of the goods of Oliver Brendon, of Lawhitton (p. 11), yeoman, granted to Oliver Brendon, sen., and John Nottle. Dated 30th April, 1667. Inventory, £19 13s. 4d.

**24.** Will of Oliver Brendon (p. 11).--"I Oliver Brendon of Lawhitton yeoman being sick &c. give Topoor of Lawhitton 10s. To Stephen Dingley son of John Dingley (in the parish register it is spelt Dingle, see Note 17) of Linkinhorne £5 at the age of 17. My unexpired term in messuage termed Beckatake in Lifton Devon, to William Brendon my Brother and his heirs. Fee simple of Broomhill or Priest's tenement in Lezant, to said William and his heirs. Residue to said William, he to be sole executor. Dated 25 Aug. 1690. Proved 23 Sept. 1690. Witnesses, Tim. Shute, Mat. Wrayford, Rebecca Burnbury. Inventory £158 2s. 8d., taken by John Brendon, [the son of John Brendon, his cousin] Richard Geake and Robert Harry."

Seal bears the Arms of Shute : Crest, a griffin sejant, apparently pierced in the heart by a spear; eagles displayed.

**25.** Will of William Brendon (p. 11).-" I William Brendon of Lawhitton being weak &c. give, To my son George £50 at 21. To son Edward £50 at 21. Residue to dear and well beloved wife Susanna, she to be sole executrix. If she die before George be 21 then my father and sister Martha and brother-inlaw Geddie Pearse to be trustees. Dated 20 Jan. 17 30. Proved 25 Aug. 1731. Witnesses, Moses Parson, Ambrose Gregory, Margery Jole."

**26.** The Stert family (p. 12) were connected by marriage with the Woods, of Orchard, in Lew Trenchard, and Mr. Thomas Coryndon Stert Brendon has in his possession as heirlooms some portraits of the Wood family in oils, painted in the time of Charles I. and II.

" Five descents of the Wood family are described in the *Visitation* of 1620. The heiress married Mr. Joseph Pearse, whose daughter and only child died unmarried since the year 1800" (Lysons, i. ccxxiv.). Geddie Pearse married Martha, daughter of William Brendon of Tettaridge.

John Wood, of Orchard, married at Launceston, 18th Feb., 1608, Sibell, daughter and co-heir of Rev. John Trelawny, second son of John Trelawny, M.P. for Liskeard 1563, by Beatrix, daughter of Sir Hugh Trevanion, Sheriff of Cornwall 1564, by Sibell, daughter of Sir Thomas Morgan, of Lockstow (*Vis. of Corn.*).

It is probable that through marriage connection with the Sterts, Woods, and Pearses the baptismal name of Sibella was introduced into the family of John Brendon, of Tettaridge, in the year 1800. **27.** Colonel Edward Forbes Cotgrave (p. 12) passed out of Addiscombe into the Bombay Engineers of the Hon. E.I.C. as Lieutenant, 1850. He served in the Persian campaign of Feb. to June, 1857, as Assistant-Engineer to the Forces. His father, Captain Richard Cotgrave, R.N., married secondly Elizabeth, daughter of James Tudor, Major 2nd Queen's. Her sister married John Erskine Field Risk, R.N. Elizabeth died 1st Feb., 1875; Emily 20th June, 1880. A window was erected to their memory in Lawhitton Church by John Tudor Risk, Esq. ; subject, St. Michael and St. Gabriel. Captain Richard Cotgrave's father was a Captain in the Royal Navy; his brother, Colonel Thomas Eaton Cotgrave, was an officer in the Bombay Artillery, and served through the Afghan campaign of 1839. His first experience in war was as a midshipman with Admiral Pellew, afterwards Lord Exmouth, at the bombardment of Algiers, in 1816. He died in 1888, aged 84.

**28.** Major-General Algernon Brendon, R.A. (p. 12), derived his Christian name from his godfather, who was a relation of his mother. General Brendon passed out of Woolwich in 1847 as 2nd Lieut. R.A.; became Lieut., 1848 ; Captain, 1855 ; Major, 1856 ; Lieut.-Col., 1868 ; Colonel, 1876 ; and Major-General, 1881, retired. He served in the Crimean War, being present at the landing at Eupatoria, at the affairs on the Boulganak and McKenzie's Farm, the battles of the

Alma and Inkermann, after which he received his Brevet-Majority, and returned to England. Received the Crimean medal with three clasps, fifth class of the Medjidie, and Turkish medal.

- 29.** Major Herbert Algernon Brendon, R.A. (p. 12), passed out of Woolwich Sept., 1880, as 2nd Lieut., and was promoted Lieut., 1881 ; Captain, 1890 ; Major, 1899. Has served in India.
- 30.** Admiral Charles George Edward Patey (p. 13) entered the Navy in 1824; Lieutenant, 1836; and served in all the operations on the coast of Syria, including the bombardment of Acre, in 1840, for which he was made Commander, and received the medal. He commanded H.M.S. *Resistance* for four years, and was promoted to the rank of Captain in 1846. In 1851 he was specially appointed to organise the great rush of emigration which occurred in that year from Liverpool to the newly-discovered Australian goldfields, and was presented with a very handsome testimonial of plate by the shipowners of Liverpool. He received severe injuries while in command of H.M.S. *Aniphion*, in 1853, and was granted a pension for wounds. From 1857–64 he held the appointment of Superintendent of Packet Service at Southampton; and during the civil war in America he was entrusted by the Government with delicate transactions regarding the "Trent affair" and the arming and detention of belligerent American ships at Southampton. He obtained flag rank in 1864. In 1866 was appointed by the Colonial Office Administrator of Lagos. Removed to Gambia, and in 1869 appointed Governor of St. Helena; but on account of the reduced condition of the colony retired with a compensation allowance in 1873, and was made a C.M.G. in the following year.
- 31.** Charles Henry Bennett Patey, C.B. (p. 13), the only son of the above, entered the General Post Office as clerk in the Secretary's office in 1863 ; became Assistant-Secretary, 1877 ; and Third Secretary, 1882. He was created Companion of the Bath in 1886.

When the Government took over all the telegraph lines in the kingdom, he organised and mapped out all the circuits, and completed the intercommunication of all the lines. He attended two telegraph conferences, one at Paris and the other in Berlin, to complete the free intercommunication of the English lines and cables with those of the Continent, and to establish reduced and equitable charges. So well did he discharge all this work in connection with the Government system of telegraphs, that Her Majesty bestowed on him the honour of Companion of the Bath. He died at the age of forty-five, of pneumonia, and was buried in Bromley Cemetery, Kent. On the day of the funeral special trains from Charing Cross and Cannon Street Stations conveyed the Postmaster-General, Sir R. E. Welby, Sir Arthur Blackwood, Mr. Algernon Turnour, and the officers of the various branches of the Post Office, detachments of the Royal Engineers, a contingent of the Post Office Volunteers, and others. The French Post Office sent a magnificent wreath, and the *Times* correspondent in Berlin wrote that "nowhere outside the circle of his immediate friends and fellow-workers was the sad news of the death of the late Mr. Patey received with profounder sorrow than in the Imperial Ministry of Posts and Telegraphs here, where his brilliant qualities were well known and appreciated."

**32.** Rev. T. E. Scott (p. 13), of Jesus College, Camb., B.A., 1875; M.A., 1882; Deacon, 1875; Priest, 1876; Curate St. John's, Chester, 1875–77 ; Vicar of St. Paul's, Chester, 1877–87 ; Vicar of Weaverham, Cheshire, 1887–90 ; Vicar of Norton, near Stockton-on-Tees, 1890. He is a great-grandson of the Commentator.

**33.** William Shortland Richards (p. 13) passed a competitive examination, and was appointed a student dragoman at Constantinople 28th Nov., 1877 ; was promoted to be an Assistant, 1880 ; Assistant Vice-Consul at Moossal, 1883, and Her Majesty's Vice-Consul in the same year; British Vice-Consul at

Bourgas, 1889; was promoted to be Consul of the Eastern Coast of the Red Sea, to reside at Jeddah, 1892 ; was attacked and severely wounded by Bedouins in the vicinity of Jeddah, 30th May, 1895, and received compensation from the Turkish Government ; was in charge of the Consulate of Angora, Feb. 6th to Dec. 30th, 1896 ; transferred to Damascus, Dec. 1st, 1896.

**34.** Thomas Pearson (p. 13) was a brother of the Right Rev. Dr. Pearson, Bishop of Newcastle, NewSouth Wales, 1880–89, Vicar of Leek, who died March, 1895, aged 54.

**35.** Major-Gen. Charles George Gordon, R.E., C.B. (p. 13), born 1833, passed from Woolwich as 2ndLieut. R.F., 1852 ; Captain, 1859 ; Major, 1863 ; served in the Crimea, 1854–55 ; in China, 1860–66 ; was Governor of the Soudan, 1874–79 ; killed at Khartoum, 1885. He was the youngest son of Lieut.General Henry William Gordon, R.A. (see *Chinese Gordon, a Succinct Record of his Life*, by Archibald

Forbes, seventh edition, 1885 ; see also *Charles George Gordon, a Sketch*, by Reginald Barnes, Vicar of Heavitree, 1885 (Prebendary Barnes of Exeter); *Life of General C. G. Gordon*, by the author of *Our Queen*, London, 1885). General Gordon's grandfather, General Gordon, fought in the war against the French in Canada, at Louisburg, and at Quebec, under General Wolfe. His great-grandfather was an officer in Lascelle's Regiment; fought and was taken prisoner by Prince Charlie at Prestonpans. The two brothers of General C. G. Gordon and Frederick W. R. Gordon, who married Frances Brendon, were Commissary-General Sir Henry William Gordon, K.C.B., and Major-General Samuel Enderby Gordon, C.B.

**36.** Thomas Rundle, Bishop of Derry, the great-uncle of Mary Rundle, wife of John Brendon, of Milton Abbot (p. 15), was born at Milton Abbot about 1688, his father being the Rev. Thomas Rundle, of Exeter. He was educated at the Exeter Grammar School and Exeter College, Oxford, where he matriculated in 1704, and took the degree of D.C.L. in 1710. He was ordained Deacon in July and Priest in August, 1716, by William Talbot, Bishop of Salisbury, who made him his Domestic Chaplain, and gave him a prebend in Salisbury. He became Vicar of Inglesham, in Wiltshire, in 1719, and Rector of Poulshot in 1720 ; Arch-deacon of Wilts in 1720, and Treasurer of Sarum, 1721. Bishop Talbot being promoted to Durham, collated him to a stall in that Cathedral in 1722 ; gave him the Vicarage in 1722 and Rectory in 1724 of Sedgefield ; appointing him in 1728 to the mastership of the hospital of Sherburn, two miles from Durham. He lived at the palace as Resident Chaplain from 1722 to 1730, the date of the Bishop's death, Oct. 10th. In 1723 he proceeded D.C.L. at Oxford.

In December, 1733, on the see of Gloucester becoming vacant, he was nominated to that see by Bishop Talbot's eldest son, Charles, first Baron Talbot, then Lord Chancellor. The Bishop of London, Edmund Gibson, interposed on the instigation of Richard Venn, Rector of St. Antholin's, London, who ascribed deistical opinions to Rundle through his acquaintance with Whiston and Chubb. He was defended by Arthur Ashley Sykes and John Conybeere. A compromise was arrived at by giving the see of Gloucester to Martin Benson, a friend of Rundle, while Rundle was appointed to the see of Derry, in Ireland. Pulteney wrote to Swift regretting the appointment, whose reply included the spirited lines:

" Rundle a bishop!! Well he may—  
He's still a Christian more than they !  
I know the subject of their quarrels—  
The man has learning, sense and morals."

"His only fault," wrote Swift to Pope, "is that he drinks no wine." Pope declared, in reply, "He will be a friend and benefactor to your unfriended and unbenefited nation..... I never saw a man so seldom whom I liked so much." He was consecrated Bishop of Derry August, 17 35. He lived chiefly in Dublin, where he rebuilt his house. In 1739 he writes: "My house will be finished in about six weeks..... the

whole is handsome, but nothing magnificent but the garret, in which I have lodged my books." This "garret" was sixty-four feet long by twenty-four wide and sixteen high. In the last of his letters, 22nd March, 1743, he writes : "I have lived to be *conviva satur*—passed through good report and bad report; have not been injured, more than outwardly, by the last, and solidly benefited by the former." He died unmarried at Dublin 14th April, 1743, bequeathing most of his fortune of £20,000 to John Talbot, second son of the Lord Chancellor. His books he gave to the Library of Trinity College, Dublin. His plate and some other of his personal effects, together with legacies, he gave to his nephews and nieces in Milton Abbot and Antony. He published four sermons. *His Letters to Mrs. Sandys, with introductory memoirs by James Dallaway*, were published at Gloucester, 1789, in two vols., and reprinted in Dublin the same year. (*Abridged from the Diet. of Nat. Biography.*)

**37.** See "Some Account of the late Mr. Thomas Pearse, of Camelford," *Wesleyan Methodist Magazine*, xxxix. 322-31, 401-410, 481-493 (1816). (p. 15.)

**38.** See "Biographical Sketches of Robert Pearce, of Camelford," by William Pennington Burgess, *Wesleyan Methodist Magazine*, lxxvii. 477 (1854); lxxx. 570, 572 (1857). (p. 15.)

**39.** Author of numerous religious tales and stories, one of his first being *Daniel Quorm and his Religious Notions* [A story of Cornish Methodism]. Illustrated by Charles Tesidder. 8vo, 1874. He is engaged in the Wesleyan West London Mission. Preaches on Sunday afternoons at St. James's Hall. (p. 15.)

**40.** See *Memoir of Rev. Joseph Burgess, formerly an Officer in the Army, afterwards a Wesleyan Minister, comprising an Account of his Mother-in-Law, Mrs. Pennington*, By William Pennington Burgess. 1842. Second edition, 1853. (p. 16.)

**41.** Edward Brendon (p. 17) died at the age of 29 of fever, due to the removal of a portion of the churchyard at Callington to widen the street. Several deaths occurred at that time in the town from this cause. **42.** Mr. Yarde (p. 17) by his first wife, Miss Seppings, had three sons, Thomas John, B.A. Oxon., of Culver House, born 1844; Hugh, a Lieut. in the 18th Royals, died 1870, near Gibraltar, on his voyage home from India; R. Gilbert, born 1848, died 1849. The Rev. Thomas John Yarde married Katherine A. Pauline, elder daughter of Col. P. S. Alcock, of Park House, Wexford, and had issue two daughters. His wife died 1893.

**43.** The Rev. Arthur T. Gregory (p. 17) had by his first wife one son, Arthur William, who from not enjoying good health did not follow any profession. He was born 1851, and died 1899.

The Gregorys have possessed and lived at Styvyhall, Warwick, since the reign of Elizabeth, when in the sixteenth year of her reign Thomas Gregory died seized of Styvyhall. Francis Gregory, who died in 1791, rebuilt the house in 1760. The uncle of Mr. Gregory, Arthur Francis, served in the Peninsular War. He died in 1853, having married the Hon. Caroline, elder sister of Samuel, third Viscount Hood. Mr. Gregory's sister, Mariana, married Admiral Charles Warde, R.N., J.P., of Squerries Court, Kent.

**44.** The Rev. William Edward Brendon (p. 17) commenced study for the medical profession, but he broke down in his health whilst at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London. After a rest of some years he entered the Church, and was ordained priest by the Bishop of Exeter, 1850, and became Curate of St. Mary Church, near Torquay. Afterwards he was Curate of St. Andrew's, Ancoats, Manchester. For four years he served here under Canon Richson, when he was selected for the office of Assistant-Chaplain of the Cathedral. On his leaving St. Andrew's he was presented with a richly-ornamented



silver tea service, bearing the following inscription : " Presented to the Rev. W. E. Brendon on his appointment as Assistant-Chaplain of the Cathedral, Manchester, by the congregation, Sunday scholars, and friends of St. Andrew's Church, Ancoats, as a slight mark of their appreciation of the unflagging zeal, self-denial, and devotedness with which, at the cost of impaired health, he discharged the duties of Curate of St. Andrew's during a space of four years." The writer of an article in *The Sphinx*, a Manchester periodical, of October 28th, 1871, on the restoration of the interior of the church, says : " Mr. Brendon, the first curate on the new order of things, brought a fresh mind and a good constitution from the Cornish shore. To natural qualities of a high order and a rare charm of manner, he added the unspeakable influence of a life of simple purity and personal holiness, which might be known and read of all men.... We could but think of the earliest curate, Brendon, now lying under the shadow of the Cross in a village churchyard in Devonshire. He was one of the very few 'saints' who appear at long intervals on the earth, and, but that we would not that the echo of a whisper should disturb his rest, we should that morning have often shed—Oh ! for an hour of Saint Brendon."

Mr. Brendon became Rector of Stretford, near Manchester, and afterwards Rector of West Grimstead, Wilts, where he died; and at his particular desire was buried in the churchyard of Trusham, Devonshire, where his brother-in-law, Mr. Gregory, was Rector. A horizontal cross was placed over his grave in imitation of that over the grave of the Rev. J. Adams, in Bonchurch churchyard, but not a copy, for he admired the idea of resting under the shadow of the Cross. His mother, his sister Sibella and her husband, Mr. Gregory, are all buried in Trusham churchyard.

**45.** Rachel, wife of Rev. W. E. Brendon (p. 17), was the youngest daughter of Sir James Cosmo Melvin, K.C.B., F.R.S., Secretary to the Hon. East India Company, and after 1857 Secretary to the India Board, by Hester, daughter of Rev. W. M. Sellon. Sir James was son of Captain Philip Melville, Lieut. Governor of Pendennis Castle, Cornwall, who as Captain in the 73rd Foot was severely wounded at the battle of Seringapatam in the fight with Tippoo Sahib. A brother of Sir James was the Rev. Henry Melvin, Canon of St. Paul's and Golden Lecturer at St. Margaret's, Lothbury. Another brother was Major-General Sir Peter Melville, K.C.B., Military Secretary to the Bombay Government. Mrs. Brendon's brother, Sir William Henry Melville, Kt., was Solicitor to the Inland Revenue Department. He married the Hon. Elizabeth Theresa Lister, daughter of the second Baron Ribblesdale.

**46.** Mr. George Brendon (p. 17) was one of the best riders after hounds in South Devon. *In Memoirs of the Rev. John Russell*, p. 137, it is said that, " amongst those who hunted with him, ' such good men and true,' was Mr. John [George] Brendon, of Red Windows,' near Chillaton, a fine rider, with consummate nerve and good hands." After his death a long article on his skill as a rider appeared in *Bailey's Magazine*.

[Red Windows, Upper Chillaton, so named because between 1770 and 1780 the house, then recently built, was for some years unoccupied, and the woodwork was painted red. The house was rebuilt again about twenty years ago.]

**47.** Peter Brendon (p. 18) served an apprenticeship at Plymouth Naval Hospital, under Sir Stephen Hammick, 1813-15. He was one of those who saw Napoleon standing in the gangway of the Bellerophon. Proceeding to St. Bartholomew's Hospital, he became prosector to Mr. Abernethy, 1817, and was the first to use a vermilion composition for injecting the arteries for Mr. John Abernethy's anatomical lectures. He obtained the diplomas of the Royal College of Surgeons and of the Society of Apothecaries in 1817. He London, and settled at Highgate in 1841, where he continued until he retired, in 1860.

**48.** Lieut. James Lawrence, R.N. (p. 18), commanded H.M. schooner *Rook*, 8 guns, a West Indian Mail Packet. On 13th Aug., 1808, he sailed from Jamaica on his homeward voyage. On the 18th he fell in with two French schooners, evidently on the look-out for him, as the mail packets usually carried specie. He immediately cleared for action. The largest vessel coming alongside with English colours, and not answering when hailed, but hoisting French colours, Lieut. Lawrence shot the French captain, when a desperate action commenced. After an hour's fighting, Lieut. Lawrence received a mortal wound, and the *Rook* was carried by boarding. Many of the crew were killed or desperately wounded with cutlasses, and those that were alive were stripped and sent adrift in a boat, in which they reached land. Captain George Reed, of the Royal Artillery, related to Lieut. Lawrence, returning with him was killed (see James's *Naval Hist.*, vol. v. p. 46).

**49.** (p. 18) The Curgenvin family for several generations was settled in Uny Lelant, Cornwall, on the estates of Bersheba and Trebah. In 1752 John Curgenvin, of Trenowin, in Ludgvan, purchased the Keigwin estates in St. Kew, and resided at Tretawn, the first seat of the Molesworths in Cornwall. The house was rebuilt in 1620 by Mrs. Philippa Molesworth, widow of John, the grandfather of Sir Hender Molesworth, by his first wife, heiress of Hender, of Bottreaux (Sir John Maclean's *Hist. of Trigg Minor*, ii.

140, 264-5). (pp. 25, 26.)

**50.** John Brendon Curgenvin (p. 18), after holding the office of Resident Medical Officer at the Royal Free Hospital for two years, accompanied the late Earl of Dudley to the Crimea in 1855. Was present at the attack on the Redan on 14th June with the Guards Brigade, and at the taking of Kertch. Settled at Craven Hill Gardens, London, 1857. Hon. Sec. to the Harveian Medical Society for nine years. Member of the Provisional Committee for founding the New Sydenham Society. As a Member of the British Medical Association he served on the Parliamentary Bills Committee, and assisted in drafting the first Habitual Drunkards Bill. As a Fellow of the Obstetrical Society, served on Committees on Infant Life Mortality, and on that for the Examination and Registration of Midwives, which led to the passing of an Act for that purpose in 1902. As a Member of the Social Science Association, served on the Council and on the Health Committee, and read papers on "The Waste of Infant Life"; on "The Laws of Belgium relating to Illegitimate Children and the Registration of Births and Deaths"; on the laws of France on the same subjects; on "The Contagious Diseases Acts"; on "Baby-farming and the Registration of Nurses." Founded the Infant Life Protection Society, acting as Hon. Sec. Assisted in drafting the Bill for the Protection of Infant Life, which was afterwards passed by Parliament. Served on the Council of the Charity Organisation Society, and as Hon. Sec. of the Paddington Committee. Wrote also several papers on medical subjects. Was a contributor to *Notes and Queries*, and gave MS. material and assistance to Messrs. Courtney and Boase towards the compilation of the *Bibliotheca Cornubiensis* published in 1874.

[Condensed from *The Biographer*, vol. iii. pp. 82-5, Sept., 1900.]

**51.** Captain Jeffcock's (p. 18) grandfather, William Jeffcock, of High Hazels, was the first Mayor of Sheffield, 1843-4. His father, William Henry Jeffcock, married, 1856, Susanna, only daughter of Dr. William Manby Gully, of Great Malvern. Her brother, William Court Gully, was elected Speaker of the House of Commons 1895. He had been previously Recorder of Wigan and M.P. for Carlisle. Captain Jeffcock's only brother, Charles Edward, married, 1884, Caroline Bradley, daughter of Mark Firth, of Oakbrook, who gave a park to the town of Sheffield. High Hazels is now a public museum.

# Story of a Tamar Valley Village"

## Mentions of the Brendons in "Latchley"

by Nikki Chaplin

### **Fined for not using the manor mill**

Serfs and conventional tenants had to get the lord's permission, for a fee, to be allowed to live or marry outside the manor. They were obliged to use the manor mill; in the case of Latchley this meant taking grain to Morden mill (now known as Cotehele mill) to be ground, at prices controlled by the lord. The road from Latchley to Chilsworthy is known in old records as Latchley Millway because it was used to get to the mill. Tenants were fined if they did not use it. In 1304 Radulf de Brendon and six others were fined 2s6d because they did not "*make suit to*" (use) the mill. It must have been quite a burden for Latchley farmers to take their corn such a long way, and they worked together closely at such tasks to make life easier for the village community.

(Chapter 2: Life in a Duchy Village)

### **The Brendons at Solomons Farm**

Stone buildings started to be built in Latchley in the later middle ages, replacing the timber-framed huts. The very old stone building at what is now **Old Solomons Farm** with a simple door arch is indicative of medieval architecture. The building is said to date back to around 1400, but it is possible that it is slightly older, and could well be the oldest house in the village. The Brendon family took over the holding at Solomons Farm during the second half of the thirteenth century, and it was most likely to have been a Brendon who built the farmhouse at Old Solomons, perhaps soon after acquiring the holding.

### **Old door at Old Solomons Farm, showing simple door arch. The picture on the right shows the cross passage construction**

Old Solomons was built as a cross-passage house, with a passage running from the front arch to an entrance opposite, and rooms built off to either side. The western end of the original building could well have been a single storey hall building, with a barn for animals at the eastern end. The extension currently used as a dining room was added later, as it has been built across the original stone doorframe. Old Solomons originally had stone mullion windows, the remains of which were found as infill under this extension that was used for most of the twentieth century as a cowshed. The field shapes at Solomons Farm are different to the original strip fields, and the fact that the farmhouse was built on the holding also shows that the farm was developed later than saxon times.

(Chapter 2: Life in a Duchy village)

Having freehold land was in itself an indicator of status, and there were two freeholdings in Latchley. In 1619 a survey of free tenants was made, in which an undated charter signed by Reginald de Valletort was shown to the jurors. This charter must have been written before 1269/70 when the youngest Reginald de Valletort died. The charter says that Reginald de Valletort gave to Alan Carpenter for homage and service, all the land which Radulf the father of the same Alan held at Latchley (Solomons Farm). So the holding dates back to at least the mid-thirteenth century. The field shapes at Solomons Farm are more modern than the strip fields to the west of the village. In 1337 Henry de Brendon held this thirty-acre block as a free tenant through knight's service. This meant he was obliged to provide military support to the lord of the manor if called upon to do so, and could date the tenancy to soon after the Norman Conquest, when members of William's army, great and small, were given land as a reward for their support. This had the effect of spreading Norman overlords throughout the country.

The Brendon family, who held Solomons Farm until 1710 when it was sold to a Richard Doidge, were a leading family in the East Cornwall area. Living in a stone house in the fourteenth century would have made the Brendons a cut above the tenant farmers still living in their wood, mud and turf hovels in the centre of the village. Mentions in manorial records of various members of the family as 'Brendon of Latchley' mean that some of the family did live in the village during their early ownership of Solomons Farm. From the later middle ages it could be that the house was sometimes occupied by younger sons in the family, or else rented to

tenants if the house was surplus to family needs. At one time the family lived at Brendon farm in St. Dominick, and at Westcott near Callington, and had property in other parts of north and east Cornwall.

In 1337 the Brendons also held a ten-acre block known as La Parrock (later La Parrock cum Caporisham) as a conventional tenant. (This is a wooded area bordering Solomons Farm on the east that has associations with mining activities.) Parrock is from *pearroc* in old English meaning an enclosure. Caporisham is from *ham*, meaning land by a stream, and the old English word for copper, *copor*, which may be a reference to early mineral finds in the area. La Parrock seems to have been a sought after holding, even though it was quite small. This is partly because woodland had a certain value, and could also be because of minerals. The fields at Solomons are very steep in places, and marshy near the river, which would not make them the most ideal site for the early farmers.

In 1472 there is a reference in the court rolls to the death of William Brendon, who held land known as Torme (possibly meaning Tor) in Latchley. The Brendons were fairly wealthy, through land ownership, and in 1479 the minister's accounts note that William Brendon had to pay 4s 2d as toll tin, indicating an involvement in mining. In the military survey of 1522 ordered by Wolsey on behalf of Henry VIII to raise money for the war with France, William Brendon was one of only six in Calstock parish whose financial contribution was assessed on land he owned, as opposed to simply on goods he owned.

But status and respectability did not mean the Brendons always stayed on the right side of the law. In the 1350's Maud (or Matilda) Brendon purchased the wardship of Eleanor (or Hilary) Edgcumbe, which gave them for a time control over the Edgcumbe estate. The wardship of Hilary Edgcumbe became a contentious issue in 1351 when the Black Prince (then Duke of Cornwall) was called on to sort out whether John Brendon snatched the wardship from his brother Thomas after their mother died. The wardship would have been lucrative, enabling the holder to profit from the extensive Edgcumbe land holdings.

In 1366 John Brendon was ordered to pay 3d because he had taken some animals belonging to John Chapman. In 1471 John Brendon was accused of trespass *that he entered the tinwork at Bolemil*, possibly an old smelting works at a field known as Dinney Bole, now the site of the old school. William Brendon was in 1472 fined for breaking the assize by selling beer, and two years later in 1474 John Brendon was accused of stealing an ox belonging to the prince from Latchley and taking it to Alington (possibly Albaston) In 1503 Walter Keen made a complaint of trespass against William Brendon.

In 1542 John Brendon and two others were charged with assaulting the King's John Bere when he was at Latchley on the 15<sup>th</sup> of September *attending and applying there the holding of the court of the prince's grace. (PRO STAC 2/4/folio 219)* The manorial court at Latchley had been hearing a case in which Agnes Stawford claimed Roger Blanchard owed her money, when the proceedings were disrupted by John Pyper, John Brendon of Latchley, and Roger Blanchard with five or six others, all of whom were armed. They threatened John Bere, and frightened the court so much that the reeve and tithingman were too afraid to issue a writ against Roger Blanchard. In John Bere's plea to the Star Chamber, he adds that John Pyper and John Brendon were wealthy with powerful connections, and that he, as a poor man, was now in fear of his life.

The family also fought among themselves. In the 1530s John Brendon the younger, and Richard Brendon took out a case in the Chancery Court in London against their brother John Brendon the elder, alleging that he was wrongfully occupying their land at Latchley, given to them by their father William who lived at the time at Westcott. John Brendon the elder claimed he was given the Latchley land as part of a marriage settlement. The case was settled in favour of John Brendon the younger and Richard Brendon. The 1533 conveyance in which William Brendon gave the land to the younger John suggests that the lands were leased out.

In 1560 John Brendon was again on the wrong side of the law, and was fined 6d because *he encroached 16 feet by 5 feet on land at Caporisham and also upon an oak on that land*. Perhaps he was trying to extend his land further into the mining area that bordered Solomons Farm. From this time onwards the family seems certainly to have been landlords rather than residents of Solomons Farm.

(Chapter 3: The Duchy Farmers 1337 – 1806)

## The Brendons connection with mining

It seems very likely that mining, probably in the form of streaming, was being carried out on the edges of Latchley. Medieval technology was only sufficient to work surface outcrops of ore, and took place where rock was exposed, on high ground like Hingston Down, and in the valleys running down from there.

There is a reference in 1300, in the silver mining accounts for Bere Alston, to the building of a smelting bole on the site of the old castle, which is likely to be Castle Wood. The word bole is an old name for a place or furnace where ores were smelted. Ore would have been brought up the river, and although it seems to be a long journey from Bere Alston, the hill between the two streams at Castle Wood had several features needed for smelting. There was a good supply of firewood, and the hill is in a position where strong wind can come from all directions; a thorough draught is needed for the bole to reach high temperatures, and later smelting boles were built to be turned according to the wind direction, or with huge bellows. On the Tamar below this point is an area known as Devil's Dock, which may have been used for unloading ore, and loading other goods for transportation down the river. In 1535, a list of mines includes *another worke (at Henkeson downe) is called stherwille hede*, which seems likely to refer to Sherwill.

There may have been another smelting bole the other side of the village, perhaps used in connection with minerals extracted nearby. In 1471 a Latchley tenant, John Phillips, accused John Brendon of trespass *that he entered the tinwork at Bolemil. (Manorial Court Rolls)* The land later used as the site of Latchley School was known as Dinney Bole, which seems likely to be a reference to its use in the past. Dinney Bole adjoins land known as Caporisham which was mined for at least part of its history.

In the 9 May 1559 William Richard .... bounding at the Tamar on the east side, Bittams on the south side, Chilsworthy on the west side and the land of John Brendon on the north side. Nicholas Richard took over the bounds on the 20 November 1604. La Parrock als Caporisham, a small piece of woodland between Latchley and Chilsworthy, has always been a separate holding, and since it was so small, it seems likely that it was felt to be a significant holding for some reason other than farming. The name Caporisham could also indicate a link with copper from early times, as Capor could be a corruption of the word copper (in old English copor), coupled with ham, meaning land by the river. It is immediately opposite the woods that later became the site of the great copper mine, Devon Great Consols. The Brendon family were certainly involved in the tin industry, paying tin dues, and in 1503 there is a reference to William Brendon bounding a tinwork at Fencewyll (possibly Ventwylcombe mentioned in 1512 as previously demised to William Brendon). (Chapter 4: Farming Practises: 1300 – 1800)

## The Story of a Tamar Valley Village

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